

### Standard Provisions for Fixed Amount Awards to Nongovernmental Organizations

A Mandatory Reference for ADS Chapter 303

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### Standard Provisions for Fixed Amount Awards to Nongovernmental Organizations

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### MANDATORY STANDARD PROVISIONS FOR FIXED AMOUNT AWARDS TO NONGOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS

# M1. SUBMISSIONS TO THE DEVELOPMENT EXPERIENCE CLEARINGHOUSE AND DATA RIGHTS (JUNE 2012)

- (a) Submissions to the Development Experience Clearinghouse (DEC).
  - (1) The recipient must provide the Agreement Officer's Representative one copy of any Intellectual Work that is published, and a list of any Intellectual Work that is not published.
  - (2) In addition, the recipient must submit Intellectual Work, whether published or not, to the DEC, either on-line (preferred) or by mail. The recipient must review the DEC Web site for submission instructions, including document formatting and the types of documents to submit. Submission instructions can be found at:

### https://dec.usaid.gov

- (3) For purposes of submissions to the DEC, Intellectual Work includes all works that document the implementation, evaluation, and results of international development assistance activities developed or acquired under this award, which may include program and communications materials, evaluations and assessments, information products, research and technical reports, progress and performance reports required under this award (excluding administrative financial information), and other reports, articles and papers prepared by the recipient under the award, whether published or not. The term does not include the recipient's information that is incidental to award administration, such as financial, administrative, cost or pricing, or management information.
- (4) Each document submitted should contain essential bibliographic information, such as:
  - (i) descriptive title;
  - (ii) author(s) name;
  - (iii) award number:
  - (iv) sponsoring USAID office;
  - (v) development objective; and
  - (vi) date of publication.
- (5) The recipient must not submit to the DEC any financially sensitive information or personally identifiable information, such as social security numbers, home addresses and dates of birth. Such information must be

removed prior to submission. The recipient must not submit classified documents to the DEC.

### (b) Rights in Data

- (1) Data means recorded information, regardless of the form or the media on which it may be recorded, including technical data and computer software, and includes Intellectual Work, defined in (a) above.
- (2) Unless otherwise provided in this provision, the recipient may retain the rights, title and interest to Data that is first acquired or produced under this award. USAID reserves a royalty-free, worldwide, nonexclusive, and irrevocable right to use, disclose, reproduce, prepare derivative works, distribute copies to the public, and perform publicly and display publicly, in any manner and for any purpose, and to have or permit others to do so.
- (c) Copyright. The recipient may copyright any books, publications or other copyrightable materials first acquired or produced under this award. USAID reserves a royalty-free, worldwide, nonexclusive, and irrevocable right to use, disclose, reproduce, prepare derivative works, distribute copies to the public, and perform publicly and display publicly, in any manner and for any purpose, and to have or permit others to do so.
- (d) The recipient will provide the U.S. Government, on request or as otherwise provided in this award, a copy of any Data or copyrighted material to which the U.S. Government has rights under paragraphs b. and c. of this provision. The U.S. Government makes no representations or warranties as to title, right to use or license, or other legal rights or obligations regarding any Data or copyrighted materials.

#### [END OF PROVISION]

### M2. MARKING AND PUBLIC COMMUNICATIONS UNDER USAID-FUNDED ASSISTANCE (JULY 2015)

- (a) The USAID Identity is the official marking for USAID, comprised of the USAID logo and brandmark with the tagline "from the American people," unless amended by USAID to include additional or substitute use of a logo or seal and tagline representing a presidential initiative or other high level interagency initiative. The USAID Identity is on the USAID Web site at <a href="https://www.usaid.gov/branding">www.usaid.gov/branding</a>. Recipients must use the USAID Identity, of a size and prominence equivalent to or greater than any other identity or logo displayed, to mark the following:
  - (1) Programs, projects, activities, public communications, and commodities partially or fully funded by USAID;

- (2) Program, project, or activity sites funded by USAID, including visible infrastructure projects or other physical sites;
- (3) Technical assistance, studies, reports, papers, publications, audiovisual productions, public service announcements, Web sites/Internet activities, promotional, informational, media, or communications products funded by USAID;
- (4) Commodities, equipment, supplies, and other materials funded by USAID, including commodities or equipment provided under humanitarian assistance or disaster relief programs; and
- (5) Events financed by USAID, such as training courses, conferences, seminars, exhibitions, fairs, workshops, press conferences and other public activities. If the USAID Identity cannot be displayed, the recipient is encouraged to otherwise acknowledge USAID and the support of the American people.
- (b) The recipient must implement the requirements of this provision following the approved Marking Plan in the award.
- (c) The Agreement Officer may require a preproduction review of program materials and "public communications" (documents and messages intended for external distribution, including but not limited to correspondence; publications; studies; reports; audio visual productions; applications; forms; press; and promotional materials) used in connection with USAID-funded programs, projects or activities, for compliance with an approved Marking Plan.
- (d) The recipient is encouraged to give public notice of the receipt of this award and announce progress and accomplishments. The recipient must provide copies of notices or announcements to the Agreement Officer's Representative (AOR) and to USAID's Office of Legislative and Public Affairs in advance of release, as practicable. Press releases or other public notices must include a statement substantially as follows:
  - "The U.S. Agency for International Development administers the U.S. foreign assistance program providing economic and humanitarian assistance in more than 80 countries worldwide."
- (e) Any "public communication," in which the content has not been approved by USAID, must contain the following disclaimer:
  - "This study/report/audio/visual/other information/media product (specify) is made possible by the generous support of the American

people through the United States Agency for International Development (USAID). The contents are the responsibility of [insert recipient name] and do not necessarily reflect the views of USAID or the United States Government."

- (f) The recipient must provide the USAID AOR, with two copies of all program and communications materials produced under this award.
- (g) The recipient may request an exception from USAID marking requirements when USAID marking requirements would:
  - (1) Compromise the intrinsic independence or neutrality of a program or materials where independence or neutrality is an inherent aspect of the program and materials;
  - (2) Diminish the credibility of audits, reports, analyses, studies, or policy recommendations whose data or findings must be seen as independent;
  - (3) Undercut host-country government "ownership" of constitutions, laws, regulations, policies, studies, assessments, reports, publications, surveys or audits, public service announcements, or other communications;
  - (4) Impair the functionality of an item;
  - (5) Incur substantial costs or be impractical;
  - (6) Offend local cultural or social norms, or be considered inappropriate; or
  - (7) Conflict with international law.
- (h) The recipient may submit a waiver request of the marking requirements of this provision or the Marking Plan, through the AOR, when USAIDrequired marking would pose compelling political, safety, or security concerns, or have an adverse impact in the cooperating country.
  - (1) Approved waivers "flow down" to subagreements, including subawards and contracts, unless specified otherwise. The waiver may also include the removal of USAID markings already affixed, if circumstances warrant.
  - (2) USAID determinations regarding waiver requests are subject to appeal by the recipient, by submitting a written request to reconsider the determination to the cognizant Assistant

#### Administrator.

(i) The recipient must include the following marking provision in any subawards entered into under this award:

"As a condition of receipt of this subaward, marking with the USAID Identity of a size and prominence equivalent to or greater than the recipient's, subrecipient's, other donor's, or third party's is required. In the event the recipient chooses not to require marking with its own identity or logo by the subrecipient, USAID may, at its discretion, require marking by the subrecipient with the USAID Identity."

### [END OF PROVISION]

# M3. DRUG TRAFFICKING AND DRUG-FREE WORKPLACE (JUNE 2012)

In the event the recipient or any of its employees, subrecipients, or contractors are found to have been convicted of a narcotics offense or to have been engaged in drug trafficking as defined in 22 CFR 140, USAID reserves the right to terminate this award, in whole or in part, or take any other appropriate measures including, without limitation, refund or recall of any award amount. Additionally, the recipient must make a good-faith effort to maintain a drug-free workplace and USAID reserves the right to terminate or suspend this award if the recipient materially fails to do so.

#### [END OF PROVISION]

### **M4. DEBARMENT AND SUSPENSION (JUNE 2012)**

- (a) The recipient must not transact or conduct business under this award with any individual or entity that has an active exclusion on the System for Award management (SAM) (<a href="www.sam.gov">www.sam.gov</a>) unless prior approval is received from the Agreement Officer (AO). The list contains those individuals and entities that the U.S. Government has suspended or debarred based on misconduct or a determination by the U.S. Government that the person or entity cannot be trusted to safeguard U.S. Government funds. Suspended or debarred entities or individuals are excluded from receiving any new work or any additional U.S. Government funding for the duration of the exclusion period. If the recipient has any questions about listings in the system, these must be directed to the AO.
- (b) The recipient must comply with Subpart C of 2 CFR Section 180, as supplemented by 2 CFR 780. USAID may disallow costs, annul or terminate the transaction, debar or suspend the recipient, or take other remedies as appropriate, if the recipient violates this provision. Although doing so is not automatic, USAID may terminate this award if a recipient or any of its principals meet any of the conditions

listed in paragraph (c) below. If such a situation arises, USAID will consider the totality of circumstances—including the recipient's response to the situation and any additional information submitted—when USAID determines its response.

- (c) The recipient must notify the AO immediately upon learning that it or any of its principals, at any time prior to or during the duration of this award:
  - (1) Are presently excluded or disqualified from doing business with any U.S. Government entity;
  - (2) Have been convicted or found liable within the preceding three years for committing any offense indicating a lack of business integrity or business honesty such as fraud, embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery or lying;
  - (3) Are presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by any governmental entity for any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph c.(2); or
  - (4) Have had one or more U.S.-funded agreements terminated for cause or default within the preceding three years.

### (d) Principal means—

- (1) An officer, director, owner, partner, principal investigator, or other person within a participant with management or supervisory responsibilities related to a covered transaction; or
- (2) A consultant or other person, whether or not employed by the participant or paid with Federal funds, who—
  - (i) Is in a position to handle Federal funds;
  - (ii) Is in a position to influence or control the use of those funds; or,
  - (iii) Occupies a technical or professional position capable of substantially influencing the development or outcome of an activity required to perform the covered transaction.
- (e) The recipient must include this provision in its entirety except for paragraphs (c)(2)-(4) in any subagreements, including subawards or contracts, entered into under this award.

#### [END OF PROVISION]

### M5. PREVENTING TRANSACTIONS WITH, OR THE PROVISION OF RESOURCES OR SUPPORT TO, SANCTIONED GROUPS AND

### **INDIVIDUALS (MAY 2020)**

- (a) In carrying out activities under this award, except as authorized by a license issued by the Office of Foreign Assets Control (OFAC) of the U.S. Department of Treasury, the recipient will not engage in transactions with, or provide resources or support to, any individual or entity that is subject to sanctions administered by OFAC or the United Nations (UN), including any individual or entity that is included on the Specially Designated Nationals and Blocked Persons List maintained by OFAC (<a href="https://www.treasury.gov/resource-center/sanctions/SDN-List/Pages/default.aspx/">https://www.un.org/securitycouncil/content/un-sc-consolidated-list</a>).
- (b) Any violation of the above will be grounds for unilateral termination of the agreement by USAID.
- (c) The Recipient must include this provision in all subawards and contracts issued under this award.

#### [END OF PROVISION]

### M6. TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS (AUGUST 2024)

- (a) The recipient, its employees, contractors at any tier, subrecipients under this award, and subrecipient and contractor employees must not engage in:
  - (1) Severe forms of trafficking in persons during the period of this award;
  - (2) Procurement of a commercial sex act during the period of performance of this award:
  - (3) Use of forced labor in the performance of this award; or
  - (4) Acts that directly support or advance trafficking in persons, including the following acts:
    - (i) Destroying, concealing, removing, confiscating, or otherwise denying an employee access to that employee's identity or immigration documents;
    - (ii) Failing to provide return transportation or pay for return transportation costs to an employee from a country outside the United States to the country from which the employee was recruited upon the end of employment if requested by the employee, unless:

- (A) exempted from the requirement to provide or pay for such return transportation by USAID under this award; or
- (B) the employee is a victim of human trafficking seeking victim services or legal redress in the country of employment or a witness in a human trafficking enforcement action;
- (iii) Soliciting a person for the purpose of employment, or offering employment, by means of materially false or fraudulent pretenses, representations, or promises regarding that employment;
- (iv) Charging recruited employees a placement or recruitment fee; or
- (v) Providing or arranging housing that fails to meet the host country housing and safety standards.
- (b) USAID may terminate this award, without penalty, or take any remedial actions authorized by 22 U.S.C. 7104b(c), if the recipient under this award:
  - (1) Is determined to have violated a prohibition in paragraph (a); or
  - (2) Has an employee that is determined to have violated a prohibition in paragraph (a) through conduct that is either:
    - (i) Associated with the performance under this award; or
    - (ii) Imputed to the recipient or the subrecipient using the standards and due process for imputing the conduct of an individual to an organization that are provided in 2 CFR part 180, "OMB Guidelines to Agencies on Government-wide Debarment and Suspension (Nonprocurement)," as implemented by USAID at 2 CFR 780.
- (c) USAID's right to unilaterally terminate this award as described in paragraph (b)(1) implements the requirements of 22 U.S.C. chapter 78, and (2) is in addition to all other remedies for noncompliance that are available to USAID under this award.
- (d) The recipient must immediately notify the Bureau for Management, Office of Management Policy, Budget, and Performance, Responsibility, Safeguarding, and Compliance Division (M/MPBP/RSC) at **disclosures@usaid.gov**, the AO, and the USAID Office of Inspector General immediately of any information it receives from any source that alleges credible information that the recipient, any subrecipient, contractor, or subcontractor of the recipient, or any agent of the recipient or of such a subrecipient, contractor, or subcontractor, has engaged in conduct described in paragraph (a). The recipient must fully cooperate with any Federal agencies responsible for audits, investigations, or corrective actions relating to trafficking in persons.

- (e) If the estimated value of services required to be performed under the award outside the United States exceeds \$500,000, the recipient must certify annually that:
  - (1) The recipient has implemented a plan to prevent the activities described in paragraph (a) of this provision, and is in compliance with this plan;
  - (2) The recipient has implemented procedures to prevent any activities described in paragraph (a) of this provision and to monitor, detect, and terminate any subrecipient, contractor, subcontractor, or employee of the recipient engaging in any activities described in paragraph (a) of this provision; and
  - (3) To the best of the recipient's knowledge, neither the recipient, nor any subrecipient, contractor, or subcontractor of the recipient or any agent of the recipient or of such a subrecipient, contractor, or subcontractor, is engaged in any of the activities described in paragraph (a) of this provision.
- (f) Any plan or procedures implemented pursuant to paragraph (e) must be appropriate to the size and complexity of the award and to the nature and scope of the activities, including the number of non-United States citizens expected to be employed. The compliance plan must include, at a minimum, the following:
  - (1) An awareness program to inform recipient employees about the U.S.

    Government's policy prohibiting trafficking-related activities described in paragraph (a), the activities prohibited, and the actions that will be taken against the employee for violations. Additional information about Trafficking in Persons and examples of awareness programs can be found at the website for the Department of State's Office to Monitor and Combat Trafficking in Persons at http://www.state.gov/j/tip/.
  - (2) A reporting process for employees to report, without fear of retaliation, activity inconsistent with the policy prohibiting trafficking in persons.
  - (3) A recruitment and wage plan that only permits the use of recruitment companies with trained employees, prohibits charging of recruitment fees to the employees or potential employees, and ensures that wages meet applicable host-country legal requirements or explains any variance.
  - (4) A housing plan, if the recipient, subrecipient, contractor, or subcontractor intends to provide or arrange housing, that ensures that the housing meets any host-country housing and safety standards.
  - (5) Procedures to prevent agents, subrecipients, contractors, or subcontractors at any tier and at any dollar value from engaging in trafficking in persons, including activities in paragraph (a) of this provision,

and to monitor, detect, and terminate any agents, subawards, or subrecipient, contractor, or subcontractor employees that have engaged in such activities.

- (g) The recipient must provide a copy of the plan to the AO upon request and must post the useful and relevant contents of the plan or related materials on its website (if one is maintained) and at the workplace.
- (h) The AO may direct the recipient to take specific steps to abate an alleged violation or enforce the requirements of a compliance plan.
- (i) For purposes of this provision:
  - (1) "Abuse or threatened abuse of law or legal process," as defined at section 103 of the TVPA, as amended (22 U.S.C. 7102), means the use or threatened use of a law or legal process, whether administrative, civil, or criminal, in any manner or for any purpose for which the law was not designed, in order to exert pressure on another person to cause that person to take some action or refrain from taking some action.
  - (2) "Coercion," as defined at section 103 of the TVPA, as amended (22 U.S.C. 7102), means:
    - (i) Threats of serious harm to or physical restraint against any person;
    - (ii) Any scheme, plan, or pattern intended to cause a person to believe that failure to perform an act would result in serious harm to or physical restraint against any person; or
    - (iii) The abuse or threatened abuse of the legal process.
  - (3) "Commercial sex act," as defined at section 103 of the TVPA, as amended (22 U.S.C. 7102), means any sex act on account of which anything of value is given to or received by any person.
  - (4) "Debt bondage," as defined at section 103 of the TVPA, as amended (22 U.S.C. 7102), means the status or condition of a debtor arising from a pledge by the debtor of his or her personal services or of those of a person under his or her control as a security for debt, if the value of those services as reasonably assessed is not applied toward the liquidation of the debt or the length and nature of those services are not respectively limited and defined.
  - (5) "Employee" means either:

- (i) an individual employed by the recipient or subrecipient who is engaged in the performance of the project or program under this award; or
- (ii) another person engaged in the performance of the project or program under this award and not compensated by the recipient including, but not limited to, a volunteer or individual whose services are contributed by a third party as an in-kind contribution toward cost sharing requirements.
- (6) "Involuntary servitude," as defined at section 103 of the TVPA, as amended (22 U.S.C. 7102), includes a condition of servitude induced by means of:
  - (i) Any scheme, plan, or pattern intended to cause a person to believe that, if the person did not enter into or continue in such condition, that person or another person would suffer serious harm or physical restraint; or
  - (ii) The abuse or threatened abuse of the legal process.
- (7) "Recruitment Fee" means fees of any type, including charges, costs, assessments, or other financial obligations, that are associated with the recruiting process, regardless of the time, manner, or location of imposition or collection of the fee.
  - (i) Recruitment fees include, but are not limited to, the following fees (when they are associated with the recruiting process) for:
    - (A) Advertising;
    - (B) Obtaining permanent or temporary labor certification, including any associated fees;
    - (C) Processing applications and petitions;
    - (D) Acquiring visas, including any associated fees;
    - (E) Acquiring photographs and identity or immigration documents, such as passports, including any associated fees;
    - (F) Accessing the job opportunity, including required medical examinations and immunizations; background, reference, and security clearance checks and examinations; and additional certifications:

- (G) An employer's recruiters, agents or attorneys, or other notary or legal fees;
- (H) Language interpretation or translation, arranging for or accompanying on travel, or providing other advice to employees or potential employees;
- (I) Government-mandated fees, such as border crossing fees, levies, or worker welfare fund;
- (J) Transportation and subsistence costs:
  - (1) While in transit, including, but not limited to, airfare or costs of other modes of transportation, terminal fees, and travel taxes associated with travel from the country of origin to the country of performance and the return journey upon the end of employment; and
  - (2) From the airport or disembarkation point to the worksite;
    - (i) Security deposits, bonds, and insurance; and
    - (ii) Equipment charges.
- (ii) A recruitment fee, as described in the introductory text of this definition, is a recruitment fee, regardless of whether the payment is:
  - (A) Paid in property or money;
  - (B) Deducted from wages;
  - (C) Paid back in wage or benefit concessions;
  - (D) Paid back as a kickback, bribe, in-kind payment, free labor, tip, or tribute; or
  - (E) Collected by an employer or a third party, whether licensed or unlicensed, including, but not limited to:
    - (1) Agents;
    - (2) Labor brokers;
    - (3) Recruiters:

- (4) Staffing firms (including private employment and placement firms);
- (5) Subsidiaries/affiliates of the employer;
- (6) Any agent or employee of such entities; and
- (7) Subcontractors at all tiers.
- (8) "Severe forms of trafficking in persons," as defined at section 103 of the TVPA, as amended (22 U.S.C. 7102), means:
  - (i) Sex trafficking in which a commercial sex act is induced by force, fraud, or coercion or in which the person induced to perform such act has not attained 18 years of age; or
  - (ii) The recruitment, harboring, transportation, provision, or obtaining of a person for labor or services, through the use of force, fraud, or coercion for the purpose of subjection to involuntary servitude, peonage, debt bondage or slavery.
- (9) "Sex trafficking," as defined at section 103 of the TVPA, as amended (22 U.S.C. 7102), means the recruitment, harboring, transportation, provision, obtaining, patronizing, or soliciting of a person for the purpose of a commercial sex act.
- (10) Terms not defined in this provision have the same meaning as provided in 2 CFR part 200, subpart A.
- (j) The recipient must include in all subawards the requirements of paragraph (a) of this award term, this paragraph (j), and a notification requirement to the recipient similar to that described in paragraph (d). The recipient must forward such notifications as required in paragraph (d).

# M7. VOLUNTARY POPULATION PLANNING ACTIVITIES - MANDATORY REQUIREMENTS (MAY 2006)

- (a) Requirements for Voluntary Sterilization Programs
  - (1) Funds made available under this award must not be used to pay for the performance of involuntary sterilization as a method of family planning or to coerce or provide any financial incentive to any individual to practice sterilization.
- (b) Prohibition on Abortion-Related Activities:
  - (1) No funds made available under this award will be used to finance, support,

or be attributed to the following activities:

- (i) procurement or distribution of equipment intended to be used for the purpose of inducing abortions as a method of family planning;
- (ii) special fees or incentives to any person to coerce or motivate them to have abortions:
- (iii) payments to persons to perform abortions or to solicit persons to undergo abortions;
- (iv) information, education, training, or communication programs that seek to promote abortion as a method of family planning; and
- (v) lobbying for or against abortion. The term "motivate," as it relates to family planning assistance, must not be construed to prohibit the provision, consistent with local law, of information or counseling about all pregnancy options.
- (2) No funds made available under this award will be used to pay for any biomedical research which relates, in whole or in part, to methods of, or the performance of, abortions or involuntary sterilizations as a means of family planning. Epidemiologic or descriptive research to assess the incidence, extent, or consequences of abortions is not precluded.

#### [END OF PROVISION]

# M8. EQUAL PARTICIPATION BY FAITH-BASED ORGANIZATIONS (JUNE 2024)

- (a) Equal Participation.
  - (1) Faith-based organizations are eligible, on the same basis as any other organization, to receive any USAID award for which they are otherwise eligible. USAID and pass-through entities must not discriminate for or against an organization on the basis of the organization's religious character, motives, or affiliation, or lack thereof; or for any other reason that would not be a valid basis to favor or disfavor a similarly situated secular organization.
  - (2) Faith-based organizations must not be disqualified from receiving USAID awards because of their religious character, motives, or affiliation, or lack thereof. Notices of funding opportunities must include language indicating that faith-based organizations are eligible on the same basis as any other organization and subject to the protections and requirements of federal law.
  - (3) Decisions about awards of USAID financial assistance must be free from political interference or even the appearance of such interference. Awards must be made on the basis of merit, not the basis of the religious affiliation of an applicant, or lack thereof.

- (4) A faith-based organization may continue to carry out its mission, including the definition, development, practice, and expression of its religious beliefs, within the limits contained in this provision. For more information, see the <u>USAID</u> <u>Center for Faith-Based and Neighborhood Partnerships</u> website and <u>22 CFR</u> <u>205.1</u>.
- (b) Explicitly Religious Activities Prohibited.
  - (1) Explicitly religious activities include activities that involve overt religious content such as worship, religious instruction, prayer, or proselytization.
  - (2) The recipient must not engage in explicitly religious activities as part of the programs or services directly funded with Federal financial assistance from USAID. If the recipient engages in explicitly religious activities, the activities must be offered separately, in time or location, from any programs or services directly funded by this award, and participation must be voluntary for beneficiaries of the programs or services funded with USAID assistance.
  - (3) These restrictions apply equally to faith-based and secular organizations. All organizations that participate in USAID programs, as recipients or subrecipients, including faith-based organizations, must carry out eligible activities in accordance with all program requirements and other applicable requirements governing USAID-funded activities.
  - (4) Notwithstanding the restrictions of (b)(1) and (2), a faith-based organization that applies for or receives USAID-funded awards or subawards:
    - (i) Retains its autonomy, religious character, and independence and may continue to carry out its mission, including the definition, development, practice, and expression of its religious beliefs, provided that it does not use direct financial assistance from USAID to support or engage in any explicitly religious activities or in any other manner prohibited by law;
    - (ii) May use space in its facilities, without concealing, altering or removing religious art, icons, scriptures, or other religious symbols; and
    - (iii) Retains its authority over its internal governance, and may retain religious terms in its organization's name, select its board members on a religious basis, and include religious references in its organization's mission statements and other governing documents.
- (c) Requests for Accommodation: USAID must consider requests for accommodation, including for religious exercise, with respect to one or more award requirements on a case-by-case basis.

- (d) Implementation in accordance with the Establishment Clause of the First Amendment to the U.S. Constitution: Nothing in this provision must be construed as authorizing the use of USAID funds for activities that are not permitted by Establishment Clause jurisprudence or otherwise by law.
- (e) Nothing in this provision must be construed in such a way as to advantage, or disadvantage, faith-based organizations affiliated with historic or well-established religions or sects in comparison with other religions or sects.
- (f) Discrimination Based on Religion Prohibited: The recipient must not, in providing services or outreach activities related to such services, discriminate against a program beneficiary or potential program beneficiary on the basis of religion or religious belief, a refusal to hold a religious belief, or a refusal to attend or participate in a religious practice.
- (g) A religious organization's exemption from the Federal prohibition on employment discrimination on the basis of religion, set forth in <u>Sec. 702(a) of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 U.S.C. 2000e–1</u>, is not forfeited when the organization receives financial assistance from USAID.
- (h) The Secretary of State may waive the requirements of this section in whole or in part, on a case-by-case basis, where the Secretary determines that such waiver is necessary to further the national security or foreign policy interests of the United States.
- (i) This provision must be included in all subawards under this award.

# M9. USAID IMPLEMENTING PARTNER NOTICES (IPN) PORTAL FOR ASSISTANCE (JULY 2014)

APPLICABILITY: For use in all solicitations and resulting awards. Please refer to <u>ADS</u> 303, Section 303.3.31, "USAID Implementing Partner Notices (IPN) Portal For <u>Assistance</u>" for additional guidance.

### USAID IMPLEMENTING PARTNER NOTICES (IPN) PORTAL FOR ASSISTANCE (July 2014)

- (a) Definitions
  - (1) "USAID Implementing Partner Notices (IPN) Portal for Assistance ("IPN Portal)" means the single point where USAID posts proposed universal bilateral amendments for USAID awards, which can be accessed electronically by registered USAID recipients. The IPN Portal is located at <a href="https://sites.google.com/site/usaidipnforassistance/">https://sites.google.com/site/usaidipnforassistance/</a>.

- (2) "IPN Portal Administrator" means the USAID official designated by the Director, M/OAA, who has overall responsibility for managing the USAID Implementing Partner Notices Portal for Assistance.
- (3) "Universal bilateral amendment" means those amendments with revisions or new requirements or provisions that affect all awards or a designated class of awards, as specified in the Agency notification of such revisions or new requirements.
- (b) By submission of an application and execution of an award, the Applicant/Recipient acknowledges the requirement to:
  - (1) Register with the IPN Portal if awarded an assistance award resulting from this solicitation, and
  - (2) Receive universal bilateral amendments to this award and general notices via the IPN Portal.
- (c) Procedure to register for notifications.

Go to <a href="https://sites.google.com/site/usaidipnforassistance/">https://sites.google.com/site/usaidipnforassistance/</a> and click the "Register" button at the top of the page. Recipient representatives must use their official organization email address when subscribing, not personal email addresses.

(d) Processing of IPN Portal Amendments

The Recipient may access the IPN Portal at any time to review all IPN Portal amendments; however, the system will also notify the Recipient by email when the USAID IPN Portal Administrator posts a universal bilateral amendment for Recipient's review and signature. Proposed USAID IPN Portal amendments distributed via the IPN Portal are applicable to all awards, unless otherwise noted in the proposed amendment.

Within <u>15 calendar days</u> from receipt of the notification email from the IPN Portal, the Recipient must do one of the following:

- (1)
  - (i) verify applicability of the proposed amendment for their award(s) per the instructions provided with each amendment;
  - (ii) download the amendment and incorporate the following information on the amendment form: award number, organization name, and organization mailing address as it appears in the basic award;
  - (iii) sign the hardcopy version; and
  - (iv) send the signed amendment (by email or hardcopy) to the AO for signature. The Recipient must not incorporate any other changes to the IPN Portal amendment. Bilateral amendments provided through the IPN Portal are not effective until the both the Recipient and the AO sign the amendment;

- (2) Notify the AO in writing if the amendment requires negotiation of additional changes to terms and conditions of the award; or
- (3) Notify the AO that the Recipient declines to sign the amendment.

Within <u>30 calendar days</u> of receipt of a signed amendment from the Recipient, the AO must provide the fully executed amendment to the Recipient or initiate discussions with the Recipient.

#### [END OF PROVISION]

# M.10 ENHANCEMENT OF GRANTEE EMPLOYEE WHISTLEBLOWER PROTECTIONS (AUGUST 2024)

The requirement to comply with and inform all employees of the "Enhancement of Contractor Employee Whistleblower Protections" is retroactively effective for all assistance awards, subawards, and contracts issued beginning July 1, 2013.

The recipient must inform their employees in writing in the predominant native language of the workforce of employee whistleblower rights and protections under 41 U.S.C. 4712. See statutory requirements for whistleblower protections at 10 U.S.C. 4701, 41 U.S.C. 4304, and 10 U.S.C. 4310.

In accordance with 41 U.S.C. § 4712, an employee of a recipient may not be discharged, demoted, or otherwise discriminated against as a reprisal for "whistleblowing." In addition, whistleblower protections cannot be waived by any agreement, policy, form, or condition of employment.

For the purposes of this provision, "whistleblowing" is defined as making a disclosure "that the employee reasonably believes" is evidence of any of the following:

- Gross mismanagement of a USAID contract or grant;
- A gross waste of USAID funds;
- An abuse of authority relating to a USAID contract or grant;
- A substantial and specific danger to public health or safety; or
- A violation of law, rule, or regulation related to a **USAID** contract or grant (including the competition for, or negotiation of, a contract or grant).

To qualify under the statute, the employee's disclosure must be made to:

- A Member of the U.S. Congress, or a representative of a U.S. Congressional Committee;
- A cognizant U.S. Inspector General;
- The U.S. Government Accountability Office;

- A <u>USAID</u> employee responsible for contract or grant oversight or management at the relevant agency;
- A U.S. court or grand jury; or,
- A management official or other employee of the recipient who has the responsibility to investigate, discover, or address misconduct.

The recipient must include this requirement in any subaward or contract made under this award.

#### [END OF PROVISION]

### M11. SUBMISSION OF DATASETS TO THE DEVELOPMENT DATA LIBRARY (OCTOBER 2014)

- (a) Definitions. For the purpose of submissions to the DDL:
  - (1) "Dataset" is an organized collection of structured data, including data contained in spreadsheets, whether presented in tabular or non-tabular form. For example, a Dataset may represent a single spreadsheet, an extensible mark-up language (XML) file, a geospatial data file, or an organized collection of these. This requirement does not apply to aggregated performance reporting data that the recipient submits directly to a USAID portfolio management system or to unstructured data, such as email messages, PDF files, PowerPoint presentations, word processing documents, photos and graphic images, audio files, collaboration software, and instant messages. Neither does the requirement apply to the recipient's information that is incidental to award administration, such as financial, administrative, cost or pricing, or management information. Datasets submitted to the DDL will generally be those generated with USAID resources and created in support of Intellectual Work that is uploaded to the Development Experience Clearinghouse (DEC) (See M1. SUBMISSIONS TO THE DEVELOPMENT EXPERIENCE CLEARINGHOUSE AND DATA RIGHTS (JUNE 2012).
  - "Intellectual Work" includes all works that document the implementation, monitoring, evaluation, and results of international development assistance activities developed or acquired under this award, which may include program and communications materials, evaluations and assessments, information products, research and technical reports, progress and performance reports required under this award (excluding administrative financial information), and other reports, articles and papers prepared by the recipient under the award, whether published or not. The term does not include the recipient's information that is incidental to award administration, such as financial, administrative, cost or pricing, or management information.

- (b) Submissions to the Development Data Library (DDL)
  - (1) The recipient must submit to the Development Data Library (DDL) at <a href="https://www.usaid.gov/data">www.usaid.gov/data</a>, in a machine-readable, non-proprietary format, a copy of any Dataset created or obtained in performance of this award, including Datasets produced by a subawardee or a contractor at any tier. The submission must include supporting documentation describing the Dataset, such as code books, data dictionaries, data gathering tools, notes on data quality, and explanations of redactions.
  - Unless otherwise directed by the Agreement Officer (AO) or the Agreement Officer Representative (AOR), the recipient must submit the Dataset and supporting documentation to the DDL within thirty (30) calendar days after the Dataset is first used to produce an Intellectual Work or is of sufficient quality to produce an Intellectual Work. Within thirty (30) calendar days after award completion, the recipient must submit to the DDL any Datasets and supporting documentation that have not previously been submitted to the DDL, along with an index of all Datasets and Intellectual Work created or obtained under the award. The recipient must also provide to the AOR an itemized list of any and all DDL submissions.

The recipient is not required to submit the data to the DDL, when, in accordance with the terms and conditions of this award, Datasets containing results of federally funded scientific research are submitted to a publicly accessible research database. However, the recipient must submit a notice to the DDL by following the instructions at <a href="https://www.usaid.gov/data">www.usaid.gov/data</a>, with a copy to the agreement officer representative, providing details on where and how to access the data. The direct results of federally funded scientific research must be reported no later than when the data are ready to be submitted to a peer-reviewed journal for publication, or no later than five calendar days prior to the conclusion of the award, whichever occurs earlier.

- (3) The recipient must submit the Datasets following the submission instructions and acceptable formats found at www.usaid.gov/data.
- (4) The recipient must ensure that any Dataset submitted to the DDL does not contain any proprietary or personally identifiable information, such as social security numbers, home addresses, and dates of birth. Such information must be removed prior to submission.
- (5) The recipient must not submit classified data to the DDL.

[END OF PROVISION]

### M12. PROHIBITION ON REQUIRING CERTAIN INTERNAL CONFIDENTIALITY AGREEMENTS OR STATEMENTS (MAY 2017)

- (a) Definitions.
  - (1) "Contract" has the meaning given in 2 CFR Part 200.
  - (2) "Contractor" means an entity that receives a contract as defined in 2 CFR Part 200.
  - (3) "Internal confidentiality agreement or statement" means a confidentiality agreement or any other written statement that the recipient requires any of its employees or subrecipients to sign regarding nondisclosure of recipient information, except that it does not include confidentiality agreements arising out of civil litigation or confidentiality agreements that recipient employees or subrecipients sign at the behest of a Federal agency.
  - (4) "Subaward" has the meaning given in 2 CFR Part 200.
  - (5) "Subrecipient" has the meaning given in 2 CFR Part 200.
- (b) The recipient must not require its employees, subrecipients, or contractors to sign or comply with internal confidentiality agreements or statements that prohibit or otherwise restrict employees, subrecipients, or contractors from lawfully reporting waste, fraud, or abuse related to the performance of a Federal award to a designated investigative or law enforcement representative of a Federal department or agency authorized to receive such information (for example, the Agency Office of Inspector General).
- (c) The recipient must notify current employees and subrecipients that prohibitions and restrictions of any preexisting internal confidentiality agreements or statements covered by this provision, to the extent that such prohibitions and restrictions are inconsistent with the prohibitions of this provision, are no longer in effect.
- (d) The prohibition in paragraph (b) of this provision does not contravene the requirements applicable to Standard Form 312 (Classified Information Nondisclosure Agreement), Form 4414 (Sensitive Compartmented Information Nondisclosure Agreement), or any other form issued by a Federal department or agency governing the nondisclosure of classified information.
- (e) In accordance with section 743 of Division E, Title VII, of the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2015, (Pub. L. 113-235), and its successor provisions in subsequent appropriations acts (and as extended in continuing resolutions) use of funds appropriated (or otherwise made available) is prohibited, if the Government determines that the recipient is not in compliance with the requirements of this provision.

(f) The recipient must include the substance of this provision, including this paragraph (f), in subawards and contracts under such awards.

### [END OF PROVISION]

# M13. SAFEGUARDING AGAINST EXPLOITATION, SEXUAL ABUSE, CHILD ABUSE, AND CHILD NEGLECT (OCTOBER 2023)

- (a) Definitions for the purposes of this provision.
  - (1) "Agent" means any individual, including a director, an officer, or an independent contractor, authorized to act on behalf of an organization.
  - (2) "Child" means a person younger than 18 years of age.
  - (3) "Child abuse" means emotional, physical, sexual, or any other ill-treatment carried out against a child by an adult.
  - (4) "Child neglect" means a failure to provide for a child's basic needs in the absence of the child's parent or guardian when the care of the child is associated with the award activities.
  - (5) "Emotional child abuse or ill-treatment" means injury to the psychological capacity or emotional stability of the child caused by acts, threats of acts, or coercive tactics.
  - (6) "Employee" means an individual who is engaged in the performance of this award as a direct employee, consultant, or volunteer of the recipient or any subrecipient.
  - (7) "Exploitation" constitutes any actual or attempted abuse of a position of vulnerability, differential power, or trust, including for the purposes of profiting monetarily, socially, or politically. When carried out for a sexual purpose this constitutes sexual exploitation.
  - (8) "Physical child abuse" means acts or failures to act resulting in injury (not necessarily visible) or unnecessary or unjustified pain or suffering without causing injury, harm, or risk of harm to a child's health or welfare, or death.
  - (9) "Sexual abuse" constitutes any actual or threatened physical intrusion of a sexual nature toward another person whether by force or under unequal or coercive conditions. When carried out against a child by an adult, such conduct is considered sexual abuse even in the absence of force or unequal or coercive conditions.

- (b) Requirements. In the performance of this award, the recipient must have and implement a set of publicly available standards, policies, or procedures to prevent, detect, address, and respond to allegations of exploitation, sexual abuse, child abuse, and child neglect that:
  - (1) Prohibit employees, agents, interns, or any other person provided access or contact with beneficiaries, from engaging in any exploitation, sexual abuse, child abuse, and child neglect of any person during the period of performance, supporting or advancing these actions, or intentionally ignoring or failing to act upon allegations of these actions;
  - (2) Are consistent with the Inter-Agency Standing Committee's Six Core Principles Relating to Sexual Exploitation and Abuse, as amended, available at <a href="https://psea.interagencystandingcommittee.org/update/iasc-six-core-principles">https://psea.interagencystandingcommittee.org/update/iasc-six-core-principles</a> and the Keeping Children Safe Standards, available at <a href="https://www.keepingchildrensafe.global/accountability/">https://www.keepingchildrensafe.global/accountability/</a>;
  - (3) Require reporting of suspicions or concerns related to violations of the prohibitions in paragraph (b)(1) to the recipient;
  - (4) Require a "survivor-centered approach" for responding to alleged violations of the prohibitions. Such an approach must ensure the survivor's dignity, experiences, considerations, needs, and resiliencies are placed at the center of the process;
  - (5) When a child is involved, require a "best interest of the child determination" for responding to alleged violations of the prohibitions. This determination considers the best possible outcome for a vulnerable child who has been exposed to violence, abuse, exploitation, or neglect;
  - (6) Include remedies for violations;
  - (7) Monitor subrecipients, employees, agents, interns, or any other person provided access or contact with beneficiaries;
  - (8) Details the actions that may be taken against subrecipients, employees, agents, interns, or any other person provided access or contact under the award who commit exploitation, sexual abuse, child abuse, and child neglect of any person or who fail to take reasonable steps to prevent it; and
  - (9) Provide transparency on hiring, screening, and employment practices, including on rehiring or transfer and referencing for subsequent employers.
- (c) Compliance Plan. For awards exceeding \$500,000, the recipient must develop, implement, and maintain a compliance plan, either in conjunction with or separate from the Trafficking in Persons Compliance Plan, that details risk analysis and mitigation

measures that will be implemented during the period of performance of the award to prevent and address exploitation, sexual abuse, child abuse, and child neglect of any person, consistent with the requirements in paragraph (b) of this provision.

- (1) The recipient's compliance plan must be appropriate to the size and complexity of the award and to the nature and scope of the activities, including the particular risks presented by the operating context. The plan must include, at a minimum, the following:
  - (i) Reasonable measures to reduce the risk of exploitation, sexual abuse, child abuse, and child neglect. Where implementation of projects under this award may involve children, this includes limiting unsupervised interactions with children and complying with applicable laws, regulations, or customs regarding harmful image-generating activities of children;
  - (ii) An awareness program to inform employees, agents, interns, or any other person provided access or contact with beneficiaries about the requirements of this provision, including the activities prohibited, the action that will be taken in response to violations, and the mechanism(s) for reporting allegations;
  - (iii) A description of how beneficiaries and local community members:
    - (A) Are made aware of the prohibited activities,
    - (B) How they may report allegations, and
    - (C) How (c)(1)(iii)(A) and (B) are carried out in a manner that is inclusive, culturally appropriate, and sensitive to the context;
  - (iv) Safe, accessible, and publicly available reporting mechanism(s) that may be integrated with any existing or similar such mechanisms, for anyone to confidentially report exploitation, sexual abuse, child abuse, and child neglect, with appropriate safeguards to protect whistleblowers and survivors, including express protection against retaliation for reporting, and documented procedures for protecting personally identifiable information (PII) from unauthorized access and disclosure; and
  - (v) Appropriate measures to protect survivors of or witnesses to activities prohibited in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision and not prevent or hinder cooperating fully with U.S. Government authorities.
- (2) The recipient must provide a copy of the compliance plan to the Agreement Officer upon request.

#### (d) Notification.

- (1) The recipient must immediately inform, in writing, the Bureau for Management, Office of Management Policy, Budget, and Performance, Responsibility, Safeguarding, and Compliance Division (M/MPBP/RSC) at disclosures@usaid.gov, with a copy to the Agreement Officer, and the USAID Office of Inspector General (OIG) whenever the recipient receives credible information from any source that alleges the recipient, subrecipient, employee, agent, intern, or any other person provided access or contact with beneficiaries under the award has engaged in activities prohibited in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision; and
- (2) As soon as practicable, the recipient must provide in writing, as specified above:
  - (i) additional information on any actions planned or taken in response to the allegation; and
  - (ii) any actions planned or taken to assess, address, or mitigate factors that contributed to the incident.
- (3) The Agreement Officer authorizes M/MPBP/RSC to correspond with the recipient for further information relating to the notification.
- (4) In providing any notifications under this subsection, the recipient should not share PII, unless specifically requested by the Agency or USAID OIG.
- (e) Remedies. In addition to other remedies available to the U.S. Government, the recipient's failure to comply with the requirements of paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of this provision may also result in the Agency initiating suspension or debarment proceedings.
- (f) Subrecipients. The recipient must insert the terms of this provision, including this paragraph (f), in all subawards except to require subrecipients to notify the recipient. The recipient must forward such notifications as required in paragraph (d).

[END OF PROVISION]

### M14. MANDATORY DISCLOSURES (AUGUST 2024)

(a) Consistent with 2 CFR §200.113, applicants, recipients, and subrecipients of a Federal award must promptly disclose whenever, in connection with the award (including any activities or subawards), it has credible evidence of any violation of Federal criminal law involving fraud, conflict of interest, bribery, or gratuity violations found in Title 18 of the United States Code or a violation of the civil False Claims Act (31 U.S.C. 3729-3733). Applicant and recipient disclosures must be made in writing to the USAID Office of Inspector General (OIG), with a copy to the cognizant Agreement

Officer. Subrecipient and contractor disclosures must be made in writing to the USAID OIG, with a copy to the prime recipient (pass-through entity).

- (b) Recipients and subrecipients are also required to report matters related to recipient integrity and performance in accordance with the Standard Provision "Award Term and Condition for Recipient Integrity and Performance Matters (AUGUST 2024)."
- (c) Failure to make required disclosures can result in any of the remedies described in <a href="2CFR §200.339">2CFR §200.339</a>, Remedies for noncompliance, including suspension or debarment (See 2 CFR 180, 2 CFR 780 and 31 U.S.C. 3321).
- (d) The recipient must include this mandatory disclosure requirement in all subawards and contracts under this award.

#### [END OF PROVISION]

# M15. NONDISCRIMINATION AGAINST BENEFICIARIES (NOVEMBER 2016)

- (a) USAID policy requires that the recipient not discriminate against any beneficiaries in implementation of this award, such as, but not limited to, by withholding, adversely impacting, or denying equitable access to the benefits provided through this award on the basis of any factor not expressly stated in the award. This includes, for example, race, color, religion, sex (including gender identity, sexual orientation, and pregnancy), national origin, disability, age, genetic information, marital status, parental status, political affiliation, or veteran's status. Nothing in this provision is intended to limit the ability of the recipient to target activities toward the assistance needs of certain populations as defined in the award.
- (b) The recipient must insert this provision, including this paragraph, in all subawards and contracts under this award.

#### [END OF PROVISION]

### M16. CONFLICT OF INTEREST (AUGUST 2024)

(a) A conflict of interest in the award, administration, or monitoring of subawards arises when an employee, officer, agent, board member, or any member of their immediate family, their partner, or an organization that employs or is about to employ any of these parties, has a financial or other interest in, or a tangible personal benefit from an entity considered for a subaward. The officers, employees, agents, or board members of the recipient may neither solicit nor accept gratuities, favors, or anything of monetary value from subrecipients or parties to subawards. However, the recipient may set standards for situations where the financial interest is not substantial or a gift is an unsolicited item of nominal value.

- (b) The recipient must maintain written standards of conduct covering conflicts of interest and governing the actions of its employees, officers, agents, or board members engaged in the selection, award, and administration of subawards. The standards must prohibit employees, officers, agents, or board members from using their positions for a purpose that presents a real or apparent conflict of interest. The standards of conduct must provide for disciplinary actions to be applied for violations of such standards by employees, officers, agents, or board members of the recipient.
- (c) The recipient must also maintain written standards of conduct covering organizational conflicts of interest. Organizational conflict of interest means a situation in which the recipient is unable or appears to be unable to be impartial in conducting a subaward action involving a related organization because of relationships with a parent company, affiliate, or subsidiary organization.
- (d) The recipient must have a system or systems in place to identify, address, resolve, and disclose to USAID any conflicts of interest as described in this provision that affect any subaward, regardless of the amount of funding.
- (e) The recipient must disclose any conflict of interest, including organizational conflicts of interest, and the recipient's approach for resolving the conflict of interest to the cognizant Agreement Officer for the award within ten (10) calendar days of the discovery of the conflict of interest.
- (f) Upon notice from the recipient of a potential conflict of interest and the approach for resolving it, the Agreement Officer will make a determination regarding the effectiveness of the recipient's actions to resolve the conflict of interest within thirty (30) calendar days of receipt of the recipient's notice, unless the Agreement Officer advises the recipient that a longer period is necessary.
- (g) The recipient must not request payment from USAID for costs for transactions subject to the conflict of interest pending notification of USAID's determination. The recipient's failure to disclose a conflict of interest may result in cost disallowances by USAID.
- (h) For conflicts of interest, including organizational conflicts of interest, involving contracts, the recipient must follow 2 CFR 200.318, general procurement standards.
- (i) The recipient and any subrecipients must insert the substance of this provision, including paragraph (i), in all subawards under this award, at any subaward tier.

## M17. EXCHANGE VISITORS VISA REQUIREMENTS (DECEMBER 2022)

For any Exchange Visitor Invitational Travel activities, the recipient must comply with

this provision (see <u>ADS 252</u> for more information on USAID's policies and internal procedures for Exchange Visitor visa requirements).

### (a) Definitions:

- (1) An Exchange Visitor (EV) is any foreign national who is traveling to or is already in the United States as a beneficiary (not provider) of USAID development assistance for any purpose, including invitational travel, and is financed in whole or in part, directly or indirectly, by USAID. All USAID-sponsored EVs must obtain, use, and abide by the terms of the J-1 visa exclusively even if they already have a valid nonimmigrant visa (e.g., B-1/B-2). All Individuals traveling under Invitational Travel (see ADS 522) must also travel on a J-1 visa as a USAID-sponsored EV. Foreign government officials and their immediate family members who qualify for an A diplomatic visa having recognized diplomatic titles, privileges, and immunities are not included in this definition.
- (2) Training and Exchanges Automated Management System (TEAMS) is USAID's data system for the reporting of information on all USAID Exchange Visitor activities. TEAMS is USAID's single repository of EV data. TEAMS is a web-based application that helps Missions, contractors, recipients, and contractor/recipient systems at various locations to collaborate in approving and reporting EVs. The system serves as USAID's data interface with the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) Student and Exchange Visitor Information System (SEVIS).
- (b) Visa Compliance Requirement: In accordance with 22 C.F.R. Part 62, the Department of State has designated USAID as a sponsor for exchange visitor programs. This award constitutes the written agreement between the recipient and USAID that authorizes the recipient to act on behalf of USAID in the conduct of any exchange visitor activities in the Program Description of this award. The recipient must ensure that any EV-sponsored under the award must obtain, use, and abide by the terms of the J-1 visa even if the EV already has a valid non-immigrant visa (e.g., B-1/B-2).

Any exception to the requirement for an EV to obtain, use, and abide by a J-1 visa must be approved by the Mission Director or USAID/W Office Director in accordance with the procedures in ADS 252.

(c) Program Monitoring and Data Reporting: The recipient must monitor EVs' progress during their program and ensure that problems are identified and resolved quickly. The Agreement Officer's Representative (AOR) will arrange for the TEAMS helpdesk (<u>TEAMS@usaid.gov</u>) to provide the recipient with access to and instructions for using USAID's TEAMS, where the recipient will report and manage EV data.

- (d) Health and Accident Insurance: The recipient must enroll EVs in health and accident insurance coverage that meets or exceeds Department of State and USAID minimum coverage requirements as set forth in 22 CFR 62.14 and ADS 252 Visa Compliance for Exchange Visitors. Any dependent(s) must provide proof of health insurance.
- (e) Immigration Requirements: The recipient must ensure that all EVs obtain, use, and comply with the terms of the J-1 visa, issued in conjunction with a USAID-issued Certificate of Eligibility for J-1 Visa Status (DS-2019).
- (f) Language Proficiency: The recipient must verify that an EV is proficient in English if the individual will undertake a U.S.-based Exchange Visitor program that is conducted in English. Even if accompanied by an interpreter, the EV must have sufficient English language skills to understand and respond to basic questions at the U.S. port of entry. USAID cannot waive this external requirement of English language proficiency determination (see <u>22 CFR 62.10(a)(2)</u>). Language competency can be verified through a variety of means including proficiency assessments of interviews, publications, presentations, education conducted in English, and formal testing.
- (g) Pre-arrival Orientation: The recipient must ensure that EVs receive prearrival orientation to prepare them for their trip to the United States. Pre-arrival orientation as set forth in 22 CFR 62.10(b) covers program objectives, administrative and policy review, cultural aspects, and training/learning methods, and USAID's conditions of sponsorship.
- (h) Conditions of Sponsorship: The recipient must ensure that all EVs read and sign the Conditions of Sponsorship for U.S.-Based Activities form (AID Form 252-1). The recipient immediately must report to the Responsible Officer any known violations by EVs. The Responsible Officer is the designated official in charge of maintaining USAID's official designation as an EV program sponsor (see ADS 252).
- (i) Fly America: If applicable, the recipient must comply with the Fly America Act requirements for international air travel and transportation required for EVs and any authorized dependents under this award.

# M18. OMB APPROVAL UNDER THE PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT (OCTOBER 2023)

The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980 (44 U.S.C. chapter 35) imposes a requirement on Federal agencies to obtain approval from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) before collecting information from ten or more members of the public. The information collection and recordkeeping requirements contained in ADS Chapter 303

and its mandatory references have been approved by OMB.

Standard Provision	OMB Approval Number	Expiration Date
Debarment and Suspension	0412-0510	09/30/2025
Ocean Shipment of Goods	0412-0510	09/30/2025
Trafficking in Persons	0412-0510	09/30/2025
USAID Implementing Partner Notices (IPN) Portal Assistance	0412-0510	09/30/2025
Mandatory Disclosures	0412-0510	09/30/2025
Conflict of Interest	0412-0510	09/30/2025
Fly America Act Restrictions	0412-0510	09/30/2025
Voluntary Population Planning Activities – Supplemental Requirements	0412-0510	09/30/2025
Investment Promotion	0412-0510	09/30/2025
Reporting Host Government Taxes	0412-0510	09/30/2025
Protection of Human Research Subjects	0412-0510	09/30/2025
Safeguarding Against Exploitation, Sexual Abuse, Child Abuse, and Child Neglect	0412-0624	8/31/2026

[END OF PROVISION]

### M19. LIMITING CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES (AUGUST 2023)

PRESCRIPTION: In accordance with the policy in <u>ADS 303.3.30</u>, Agreement Officers (AOs) must include this provision in all solicitations and awards. When no construction activities are contemplated under the award, the AO must insert "Construction is not eligible for reimbursement under this award" in section e) of this provision. Note that Agency policy prohibits construction under grants, including grants that are fixed amount awards. If the award permits construction activities based on the policy above (or as authorized by waiver or exception), the AO must insert the description and location(s) of the specific construction activities in section d) of this provision. The AO must not make a general reference to the Program Description. The AO must also ensure that construction activities are explicit in the award's budget and any milestone plan.

#### **LIMITING CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES (AUGUST 2023)**

- (a) Construction is not permitted under this award unless specifically identified in paragraph (d) below and in the milestone plan.
- (b) Definitions:

- (1) "Construction" means —construction, alteration, or repair (including dredging and excavation) of buildings, structures, or other real property and includes, without limitation, improvements, renovation, alteration and refurbishment. The term includes, without limitation, roads, power plants, buildings, bridges, water treatment facilities, and vertical structures. The term does not include emplacement and removal of prefabricated structures and humanitarian shelters that are designed and constructed to be readily moved, erected, disassembled, stored, and reused (i.e., "relocatable buildings"), unless the emplacement and removal of the relocatable building requires site preparation work that otherwise meets the definition of construction.
- (2) "Improvements, renovation, alteration, and refurbishment" means any betterment or change to an existing property to allow its continued or more efficient use within its designed purpose (renovation), or for the use of a different purpose or function (alteration). Improvements also include improvements to or upgrading of primary mechanical, electrical, or other building systems. "Improvements, renovation, alteration, and refurbishment" does NOT include non-structural, cosmetic work, including painting, floor covering, wall coverings, window replacement that does not include changing the size of the window opening, replacement of plumbing or conduits that does not affect structural elements, and non-load bearing walls or fixtures (e.g., shelves, signs, lighting, etc.). It also does NOT include repairs used in humanitarian assistance which constitute minor fixes to physical elements of a currently serviceable structure, if those repairs do not significantly impact or change the primary mechanical, electrical, or structural elements of the real property.
- (c) Agreement Officers will not approve any subawards or procurements by recipients for construction activities that are not listed in paragraph (d) below.
- (d) <u>Description</u>
  [Type of construction and location(s)]
- (e) The recipient must include this provision in all subawards and procurements and make vendors providing services under this award and subrecipients aware of the restrictions of this provision.

# M20. PROHIBITION ON CERTAIN TELECOMMUNICATION AND VIDEO SURVEILLANCE EQUIPMENT OR SERVICES (AUGUST 2024)

(a) Except as provided in paragraph (c) below, the recipient and subrecipients are prohibited from using award funds to:

- (1) Procure or obtain covered telecommunications equipment or services;
- (2) Extend or renew a contract to procure or obtain covered telecommunications equipment or services; or
- (3) Enter into a contract (or extend or renew a contract) to procure or obtain covered telecommunications equipment or services as described in 2 CFR 200.216.
- (b) Except as provided by paragraph (c), the recipient or subrecipient understands and will comply with the prohibition on certain telecommunication and video surveillance equipment or services. The recipient affirms the understanding of this prohibition by accepting this award and by submitting payment requests, as applicable.
- (c) This provision implements temporary waivers granted to USAID under Section 889(d)(2) that allow the recipient to use award funds for costs incurred on or after October 1, 2022, through September 30, 2028, for covered telecommunications and video surveillance equipment or services as described in 2 CFR § 200.216, only if the recipient has determined that there is no available alternate eligible source for such equipment or services.
- (d) After September 30, 2028, in accordance with 2 CFR § 200.471 costs for all covered telecommunications and video surveillance equipment or services as described in 2 CFR § 200.216 will be unallowable.
- (e) The recipient must include this provision in all subawards and contracts issued under this award.

# M21. SYSTEM FOR AWARD MANAGEMENT (SAM.GOV) AND UNIQUE ENTITY IDENTIFIER (UEI) REQUIREMENTS (AUGUST 2024)

**APPLICABILITY:** Required in all solicitations and awards. Refer to <u>ADS 303maz</u> for additional guidance on processing exceptions to the requirements of this provision.

### SYSTEM FOR AWARD MANAGEMENT (SAM.GOV) AND UNIQUE ENTITY IDENTIFIER (UEI) REQUIREMENTS (AUGUST 2024)

(a) Requirement for System for Award Management. Unless exempt from this requirement under 2 CFR 25.110, the recipient must maintain a current and active registration in SAM.gov. The recipient's registration must always be current and active until the recipient submits all final reports required under this Federal award or receives the final payment, whichever is later. The recipient must review and update

its information in SAM.gov at least annually from the date of its initial registration or any subsequent updates to ensure it is current, accurate, and complete. If applicable, this includes identifying the recipient's immediate and highest-level owner and subsidiaries and providing information about the recipient's predecessors that have received a Federal award or contract within the last three years.

- (b) Requirement for Unique Entity Identifier (UEI). If the recipient is authorized to make subawards under this Federal award, the recipient:
  - (1) Must notify potential subrecipients that no entity may receive a subaward until the entity has provided its UEI to the recipient.
  - (2) Must not make a subaward to an entity unless the entity has provided its UEI to the recipient. Subrecipients are not required to complete full registration in SAM.gov to obtain a UEI.

### (c) Exceptions.

- (1) *Individuals*. The requirements of this provision do not apply to an individual who applies for or receives a prime award or subaward as a natural person (unrelated to any business or nonprofit organization an individual owns or operates).
- (2) Applicants/Recipients. When authorized in writing by the Agreement Officer, the applicant or recipient may be exempt from certain requirements of this provision. An applicant or the recipient may submit a request to the Agreement Officer for USAID approval of an exception from the requirement to obtain a UEI or register in SAM.gov (or both), if the criteria for one of the exceptions in 2 CFR 25.110 apply. The applicant may be required to submit additional justification or information in support of the request for an exemption.
- (3) Subrecipients. When authorized in writing by the Agreement Officer, the recipient may be exempt from requiring a UEI from a subrecipient. The recipient may submit a request to the Agreement Officer for USAID approval to exempt a first-tier subrecipient from the requirement to obtain a UEI, if the criteria for one of the exceptions in 2 CFR 25.110 apply.
- (4) Second-tier subrecipients. The requirements of this provision do not apply to subrecipients of subrecipients (second-tier subrecipients) under Federal awards.
- (d) **Definitions**. For the purposes of this provision:
  - (1) System for Award Management (SAM.gov) means the Federal repository into which a recipient must provide the information required for the conduct of business as a recipient. Additional information about registration procedures may be found in SAM.gov (currently at https://www.sam.gov).

- (2) *Unique Entity Identifier (UEI)* means the universal identifier assigned by SAM.gov to uniquely identify an entity.
- (3) Entity is defined at 2 CFR 25.400 and includes all of the following types as defined in 2 CFR 200.1:
  - (i) Non-Federal entity;
  - (ii) Foreign organization;
  - (iii) Foreign public entity;
  - (iv) Domestic for-profit organization; and
  - (v) Federal agency.
- (4) Subaward has the meaning given in 2 CFR 200.1.
- (5) Subrecipient has the meaning given in 2 CFR 200.1.

[END OF PROVISION]

[END OF MANDATORY PROVISIONS]

### REQUIRED AS APPLICABLE STANDARD PROVISIONS FOR FIXED AMOUNT AWARDS TO NONGOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS

### RAA1. FIXED AMOUNT AWARD ADVANCE PAYMENT AND REFUNDS (AUGUST 2024)

APPLICABILITY: This provision must be incorporated into awards that authorize advance payments. Advance payments may be authorized when the recipient's accounting and financial management systems meet the standards for funds control and accountability required under the terms and conditions of the award, including the Standard Provision, "Accounting, Record Retention and Access, and Audits", and meet the pre-award responsibility requirements in ADS Chapter 303, and when providing liquidity through milestone financing is not sufficient to meet implementation requirements. When advances are authorized, payment amounts must correspond to and be liquidated against milestones. Advance payments for any milestone may not exceed the milestone amount for which they are being made and the total amount of funds advanced may not exceed the total award amount. When this provision is used, the Schedule at C.2. must be modified to reference this provision as the payment provision.

#### FIXED AMOUNT AWARD ADVANCE PAYMENT AND REFUNDS (AUGUST 2024)

- (a) The recipient is not required to maintain separate bank accounts for USAID funds, unless otherwise required. However, when advances are authorized by this award, the recipient must deposit such funds in a reputable bank and be able to account for all funds received, obligated, and expended, as well as interest earned on the advances provided by the U.S. Government (USG).
- (b) The recipient must maintain advances of USAID funds in interest-bearing accounts, unless one of the following applies:
  - (1) The recipient receives less than \$250,000 in USG funding per year:
  - (2) The best available interest-bearing account would not reasonably be expected to earn interest in excess of \$500 per year on USG cash balances;
  - (3) The bank would require an average or minimum balance so high that it would not be feasible with the expected USG and non-USG cash resources;
  - (4) A foreign government or banking system prohibits or precludes interest bearing accounts; or
  - (5) An interest-bearing account is not readily accessible (for example, due to public or political unrest in a country).
- (c) The recipient may retain up to \$500 per year of interest earned on USG funds to use

for administrative expenses of the recipient. Any additional interest earned on USG funds must be returned annually to the Department of Health and Human Services Payment Management System (PMS) through either the Automated Clearing House (ACH) network or a Fedwire Funds Service payment. All interest in excess of \$500 per year must be returned to PMS regardless of whether the recipient was paid through PMS. All other Federal funds must be returned to the USAID payment office specified in this award, or such other location as the payment office advises.

- (d) The recipient must request advance payments for anticipated expenditures that correspond to particular milestones and the requests must be timed as close as is administratively feasible to the actual disbursements by the recipient and the appropriate share of any allowable indirect cost.
- (e) To request an advance payment, the recipient must submit (preferably electronically) to the payment office the Standard Form-270 Request for Advance or Reimbursement, Standard Form-425 Federal Financial Report or Standard Form-1034 Public Voucher for Purchases and Services Other Than Personal. (See <a href="http://www.gsa.gov/portal/forms/type/SF">http://www.gsa.gov/portal/forms/type/SF</a> for forms.) The recipient must print the statement "Request for Advance" at the top of the form.
- (f) The recipient may submit requests for advances to the paying office specified in this award as often as may be necessary to meet projected expenses. Each request must specifically identify the milestone(s) to which the advance applies. In no event may the recipient request or receive an advance greater than the amount of the milestone for which the advance is requested, and the total amount of funds requested and advanced must not exceed the total award amount.
- (g) Advance payments must be liquidated against milestones and their amounts. This will occur when milestones are met and accepted by USAID. The recipient must refund to USAID any advance amounts above the milestone amount for which the advance was received.
- (h) When this award expires, the recipient must immediately return all funds that USAID has advanced to the recipient in excess of any completed milestones.
- (i) USAID reserves the right, at any time, to: 1) withhold or offset payments to or 2) require refund by, the recipient of any amount the recipient received for milestones that are not, or cannot feasibly be, completed.
- (j) Cash advances made by the recipient to subrecipients or the recipient's field organizations must conform substantially to paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d) and (h) of this provision. In the case of paragraph (c), any interest over \$500 per year must be remitted through the prime recipient.

[END OF PROVISION]

#### RAA2. RESERVED

## RAA3. REPORTING SUBAWARDS AND EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION (AUGUST 2024)

APPLICABILITY: This provision is required in all solicitations and awards where the total Federal funding is anticipated to equal or exceed \$30,000. This provision is not required when the total amount of Federal funding is less than \$30,000; however, the Agreement Officer must amend the award to add this provision, if subsequent increases to the Federal funding result in the award equaling or exceeding \$30,000. Refer to ADS 303maz for additional guidance on processing any exceptions from the requirements of this provision.

#### **REPORTING SUBAWARDS AND EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION (AUGUST 2024)**

#### (a) Reporting of first-tier subawards.

(1) Applicability. Unless the recipient is exempt as provided in paragraph (d) of this provision, the recipient must report each subaward that equals or exceeds \$30,000 in Federal funds for a subaward to an entity or Federal agency. The recipient must also report a subaward if an amendment increases the Federal funding to an amount that equals or exceeds \$30,000. All reported subawards should reflect the total obligated amount of the subaward.

#### (2) Reporting requirements.

- (i) The recipient must report each subaward described in paragraph (a)(1) of this provision to the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act Subaward Reporting System (FSRS) at http://www.fsrs.gov.
- (ii) The recipient must report subaward information no later than the end of the month following the month in which the subaward was issued. (For example, if the subaward was made on November 7, 2025, the subaward must be reported by no later than December 31, 2025.)
- (iii) The recipient must report all data elements as required by FSRS. When entering the subaward description in FSRS, the recipient must provide a complete description of the subaward activities that is free of acronyms or federal- and agency-specific terminology to inform the public of the purpose of the subaward.

#### (b) Reporting total compensation of recipient executives.

(1) Applicability. The recipient must report the total compensation for each of the recipient's five most highly compensated executives for the preceding completed fiscal year, if:

- (i) The total Federal funding authorized to date under this Federal award equals or exceeds \$30,000;
- (ii) In the preceding fiscal year, the recipient received:
  - (A) 80 percent or more of the recipient's annual gross revenues from Federal procurement contracts (and subcontracts) and Federal awards (and subawards) subject to the Transparency Act; and
  - (B) \$25,000,000 or more in annual gross revenues from Federal procurement contracts (and subcontracts) and Federal awards (and subawards) subject to the Transparency Act; and
- (iii) The public does not have access to information about the compensation of the executives through periodic reports filed under section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m(a), 78o(d)) or section 6104 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, after the recipient receives this award. (To determine if the public has access to the compensation information, see the U.S. Security and Exchange Commission total compensation filings at <a href="https://www.sec.gov/answers/execomp.htm">https://www.sec.gov/answers/execomp.htm</a>.)
- (2) Reporting requirements. The recipient must report executive total compensation described in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision:
  - (i) As part of the recipient's registration profile at https://www.sam.gov.
  - (ii) No later than the month following the month in which this Federal award is made, and annually after that. (For example, if this Federal award was made on November 7, 2025, the executive total compensation must be reported by no later than December 31, 2025.)
- (c) Reporting of total compensation of subrecipient executives.
  - (1) Applicability. Unless a first-tier subrecipient is exempt as provided in paragraph (d) of this provision, the recipient must report the total compensation of each of the subrecipient's five most highly compensated executives for the subrecipient's preceding completed fiscal year, if—
    - The total Federal funding authorized to date under the subaward equals or exceeds \$30,000;
    - (ii) In the subrecipient's preceding fiscal year, the subrecipient received:
      - (A) 80 percent or more of its annual gross revenues from Federal procurement contracts (and subcontracts) and Federal awards (and

#### subawards) subject to the Transparency Act; and

- (B) \$25,000,000 or more in annual gross revenues from Federal procurement contracts (and subcontracts), and Federal awards (and subawards) subject to the Transparency Act; and
- (iii) The public does not have access to information about the compensation of the executives through periodic reports filed under section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m(a), 78o(d)) or section 6104 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, after the recipient issues the subaward to the subrecipient. (To determine if the public has access to the compensation information, see the U.S. Security and Exchange Commission total compensation filings at https://www.sec.gov/answers/execomp.htm.)
- (2) Reporting requirements. Subrecipients must report to the recipient their executive total compensation described in paragraph c.(1) of this provision. The recipient is required to submit this information to the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act Subaward Reporting System (FSRS) at <a href="https://www.fsrs.gov">https://www.fsrs.gov</a> no later than the end of the month following the month in which the subaward was made. (For example, if the subaward was made on November 7, 2025, the subaward must be reported by no later than December 31, 2025).

#### (d) Exemptions.

- (1) Individuals. The requirements of this provision do not apply to an individual who applies for or receives a prime award or subaward as a natural person (unrelated to any business or nonprofit organization an individual owns or operates).
- (2) Gross income under \$300,000. A recipient with gross income under \$300,000 in the previous tax year is exempt from the requirements to report:
  - (i) Subawards, and
  - (ii) The total compensation of the five most highly compensated executives of any subrecipient.
- (3) Other exceptions. The requirements of this provision do not apply when the Agreement Officer approves an exception in writing.

#### (e) **Definitions**.

For purposes of this provision:

(1) Entity includes:

- (i) Whether for profit or nonprofit:
  - (A) A corporation;
  - (B) An association;
  - (C) A partnership;
  - (D) A limited liability company;
  - (E) A limited liability partnership;
  - (F) A sole proprietorship;
  - (G) Any other legal business entity;
  - (H) Another grantee or contractor that is not excluded by subparagraph (ii); and
  - (I) Any State or locality;
- (ii) Does not include:
  - (A) An individual recipient of Federal financial assistance; or
  - (B) A Federal employee.
- (2) Executive means an officer, managing partner, or any other employee holding a management position.
- (3) Subaward has the meaning given in 2 CFR 200.1.
- (4) Subrecipient has the meaning given in 2 CFR 200.1.
- (5) Total compensation means the cash and noncash dollar value an executive earns during an entity's preceding fiscal year. This includes all items of compensation as prescribed in <u>17 CFR 229.402(c)(2)</u>.

[END OF PROVISION]

## RAA4. USAID ELIGIBILITY RULES FOR PROCUREMENT OF COMMODITIES AND SERVICES (MAY 2020)

**APPLICABILITY:** This provision is required when specific goods or services are listed as or in milestones.

- (a) Ineligible and Restricted Commodities and Services:
  - (1) Ineligible Commodities and Services. The recipient must not, under any circumstances, procure any of the following under this award:
    - (i) Military equipment,
    - (ii) Surveillance equipment,
    - (iii) Commodities and services for support of police or other law enforcement activities,

- (iv) Abortion equipment and services,
- (v) Luxury goods and gambling equipment, or
- (vi) Weather modification equipment.
- (2) Ineligible Suppliers. Any firms or individuals that do not comply with the requirements in Standard Provision, "Debarment and Suspension" and Standard Provision, "Preventing Transactions with, or the Provision of Resources or Support to, Sanctioned Groups and Individuals" must not be used to provide any commodities or services funded under this award.
- (3) Restricted Commodities. The recipient must obtain prior written approval of the Agreement Officer (AO) or comply with required procedures under an applicable waiver, as provided by the AO when procuring any of the following commodities:
  - (i) Agricultural commodities,
  - (ii) Motor vehicles,
  - (iii) Pharmaceuticals,
  - (iv) Pesticides,
  - (v) Used equipment,
  - (vi) U.S. Government-owned excess property, or
  - (vii) Fertilizer.

#### (b) Source and Nationality:

Except as may be specifically approved in advance by the AO, all commodities and services that will be reimbursed by USAID under this award must be from the authorized geographic code specified in this award and must meet the source and nationality requirements set forth in 22 CFR 228. If the geographic code is not specified, the authorized geographic code is 937. When the total value of procurement for commodities and services during the life of this award is valued at \$250,000 or less, the authorized geographic code for procurement of all goods and services to be reimbursed under this award is code 935. For a current list of countries within each geographic code, see: http://www.usaid.gov/ads/policy/300/310.

- (c) Guidance on the eligibility of specific commodities and services may be obtained from the AO. If USAID determines that the recipient has procured any commodities or services under this award contrary to the requirements of this provision, and has received payment for such purposes, the AO may require the recipient to refund the entire amount of the purchase.
- (d). This provision must be included in all subagreements, including subawards and contracts, which include procurement of the commodities or services specifically listed as or in milestones.

#### [END OF PROVISION]

#### **RAA5. FLY AMERICA ACT RESTRICTIONS (AUGUST 2013)**

**APPLICABILITY:** This provision is only applicable when <u>international travel is listed as</u> or in a milestone.

#### **FLY AMERICA ACT RESTRICTIONS (AUGUST 2013)**

- (a) The recipient must use U.S. Flag Air Carriers for all international air transportation (including personal effects) funded by this award pursuant to the Fly America Act and its implementing regulations to the extent service by such carriers is available.
- (b) In the event that the recipient selects a carrier other than a U.S. Flag Air Carrier for international air transportation, in order for the costs of such international air transportation to be allowable, the recipient must document such transportation in accordance with this provision and maintain such documentation in accordance with the record retention requirements of this award. The documentation must use one of the following reasons or other exception under the Fly America Act:
  - (1) The recipient uses a European Union (EU) flag air carrier, which is an airline operating from an EU country that has signed the US-EU "Open Skies" agreement (http://www.state.gov/e/eb/rls/othr/ata/i/ic/170684.htm).
  - (2) Travel to or from one of the following countries on an airline of that country when no city pair fare is in effect for that leg (see http://apps.fas.gsa.gov/citypairs/search/):
    - (i) Australia on an Australian airline,
    - (ii) Switzerland on a Swiss airline, or
    - (iii) Japan on a Japanese airline;
  - (3) Only for a particular leg of a route on which no US Flag Air Carrier provides service on that route;
  - (4) For a trip of 3 hours or less, the use of a US Flag Air Carrier at least doubles the travel time;
  - (5) If the US Flag Air Carrier offers direct service, use of the US Flag Air Carrier would increase the travel time by more than 24 hours; or
  - (6) If the US Flag Air Carrier does not offer direct service,

- (i) Use of the US Flag Air Carrier increases the number of aircraft changes by 2 or more,
- (ii) Use of the US Flag Air Carrier extends travel time by 6 hours or more, or
- (iii) Use of the US Flag Air Carrier requires a layover at an overseas interchange of 4 hours or more.

#### (c) **DEFINITIONS**

The terms used in this provision have the following meanings:

- (1) "International air transportation" means international air travel by individuals (and their personal effects) or transportation of cargo by air between a place in the United States and a place outside thereof, or between two places both of which are outside the United States.
- "U.S. Flag Air Carrier" means an air carrier on the list issued by the U.S. Department of Transportation at <a href="http://ostpxweb.dot.gov/aviation/certific/certlist.htm">http://ostpxweb.dot.gov/aviation/certific/certlist.htm</a>. U.S. Flag Air carrier service also includes service provided under a code share agreement with another air carrier when the ticket, or documentation for an electronic ticket, identifies the U.S. flag air carrier's designator code and flight number.
- (3) For this provision, the term "United States" includes the fifty states, Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, possessions of the United States, and the District of Columbia.

#### (d) SUBAWARDS AND CONTRACTS

This provision must be included in all subawards and contracts, under which this award will finance international air transportation.

[END OF PROVISION]

#### **RAA6. OCEAN SHIPMENT OF GOODS (JUNE 2012)**

**APPLICABILITY:** This provision is only applicable for awards in which the recipient contracts for ocean transportation for goods purchased or financed with USAID funds and such goods are listed in or as milestones. In accordance with 22 CFR 228.21, ocean transportation shipments are subject to the provisions of 46 CFR Part 381.

#### **OCEAN SHIPMENT OF GOODS (JUNE 2012)**

(a) Prior to contracting for ocean transportation to ship goods purchased or financed with USAID funds under this award, the recipient must contact the office below to determine the flag and class of vessel to be used for shipment:

U.S. Agency for International Development,
Office of Acquisition and Assistance, Transportation Division
1300 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW
USAID Annex
Washington, DC 20523-7900

Email: oceantransportation@usaid.gov

(b) This provision must be included in all subagreements, including subwards and contracts.

[END OF PROVISION]

#### RAA7. REPORTING HOST GOVERNMENT TAXES (DECEMBER 2022)

APPLICABILITY: This provision is <u>only applicable if a host country tax may possibly be charged on items specifically listed as or in milestones</u> in awards fully or partially funded with funds appropriated under titles III through VI of the current Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations Act (SFOAA) and prior Acts making appropriations for such purposes and the award is to be performed wholly or partly in a foreign country. It is not applicable when there will be no commodity transactions in a foreign country over the amount of \$500.

Please insert address and point of contact at the Embassy, Mission, or M/CFO/CMP as appropriate under section (d) of this provision.

#### REPORTING HOST GOVERNMENT TAXES (DECEMBER 2022)

- (a) Definitions. As used in this provision--
  - (1) Foreign government includes any foreign governmental entity.
  - (2) Foreign taxes include value-added taxes and customs duties but not individual income taxes assessed to local staff.
  - (3) Local Staff means Cooperating Country National employees.
- (b) Annual Report
  - (1) The recipient must submit a report detailing foreign taxes assessed under this award the prior U.S. government fiscal year. The report must be submitted annually by April 16.
  - (2) A report is required even if the recipient did not pay any foreign taxes

during the reporting period. A cumulative report may be provided if the recipient is performing more than one award in the foreign country.

- (c) Contents of report. The report must contain:
  - (1) Recipient name.
  - (2) Contact name with phone number and email address.
  - (3) Award number(s).
  - (4) The total amount of value-added taxes and customs duties (but not sales taxes) assessed by the host government (or any entity thereof) on purchases in excess of \$500 per transaction of supplies, materials, goods or equipment, during the 12 months ending on the preceding September 30, using funds provided under this contract/agreement.
  - (5) Any reimbursements of foreign taxes received by the recipient on the taxes in paragraph (c)(4) of this provision received through the date of the report.
  - (d) Submission of report. The recipient must submit the report to: [Agreement Officer must insert address and point of contact at the Embassy or Mission in the country in which the award will be performed, or CFO/CMP for USAID/W-issued awards, as appropriate], with a copy to the Agreement Officer's Representative.
  - (e) Subawards and contracts. The recipient must include this reporting requirement in all subawards and contracts issued under this award. The recipient shall collect and incorporate into the recipient's report all information received from subawardees and contractors pursuant to this provision.

[END OF PROVISION]

#### **RAA8. PATENT RIGHTS (DECEMBER 2022)**

**APPLICABILITY:** This provision is applicable whenever the agreement finances research activities, or patentable processes or practices.

#### **PATENT RIGHTS (DECEMBER 2022)**

- (a) Patent Rights
  - (1) Allocation of Principal Patent Rights. The recipient may retain the entire right, title, and interest throughout the world to each subject invention, subject to this provision. With respect to any subject invention in which the recipient retains title, the U.S. Government must have a nonexclusive,

nontransferable, irrevocable, paid-up license to practice or have practiced for or on behalf of the U.S. Government the subject invention throughout the world, and to sublicense others to do the same. The recipient agrees to include, within the specification of any United States patent application and any patent issuing thereon covering a subject invention, the following statement: "This invention was made with U.S. Government support under (identify the agreement awarded by USAID). The U.S. Government has certain rights in this invention."

- (2) Definitions. For purposes of this provision, the following terms will have the following meaning:
  - (i) "Invention" means any invention or discovery which is or may be patentable or otherwise protectable under Title 35 of the United States Code.
  - (ii) "Subject invention" means any invention of the recipient conceived or first actually reduced to practice in the performance of work under this award.
- (3) The recipient must disclose each subject invention to the National Institute of Standards & Technology (NIST) iEdison Patent Reporting and Tracking System (<a href="http://www.iedison.gov">http://www.iedison.gov</a>) within two months after the inventor discloses it in writing to recipient personnel responsible for patent matters. In addition, the recipient agrees to submit, on request, periodic reports to the Agreement Officer's Representative, no more frequently than annually, on the utilization of a subject invention.
- (4) Conditions When the U.S. Government May Obtain Title. The recipient must convey title to any subject invention to USAID, upon written request, subject to recipient's retention of a nonexclusive, royalty-free license throughout the world, in each subject invention:
  - (i) If the recipient fails to file a U.S. patent application or to disclose the subject invention to USAID at least 60 days prior to the statutory period for filing a patent in the United States, fails to file any non-U.S. patent applications within either ten months of the corresponding initial patent application or six months from the date permission is granted by the Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks to file foreign patent applications, or elects not to retain title.
  - (ii) In any country in which the recipient decides not to continue the prosecution of any application for, to pay the maintenance fees on, or defend in reexamination or opposition proceeding on a patent on a subject invention.

(b) Subawards and Contracts: Recipient must include this Standard Provision, suitably modified to identify the parties, in all subawards and contracts, regardless of tier, for experimental, developmental, or research work to be performed by a small business firm or nonprofit organization. The recipient must retain all rights provided for the USG in this Standard Provision, and the recipient must not, as part of the consideration for awarding the contract or subaward, obtain more rights in the contractor's or subrecipient's subject inventions than provided in this provision.

[END OF PROVISION]

#### RAA9. RESERVED

#### **RAA10. INVESTMENT PROMOTION (DECEMBER 2022)**

**APPLICABILITY**: The following provision is when gray-area activities or investment-related activities are specifically listed as or in milestones. When applicable, see <u>ADS</u> 225 (see 225.3.) for more information.

#### **INVESTMENT PROMOTION (DECEMBER 2022)**

- (a) Except as specifically set forth in this award or otherwise authorized by USAID in writing, no funds or other support provided under this award may be used for any activity that: provides financial incentives and other assistance for U.S. companies to relocate operations abroad if it is likely to result in the loss of U.S. jobs; contributes to violations of internationally recognized workers' rights defined in 19 U.S.C. 2467(4); or provides financial incentives for entities located outside the United States to relocate or transfer jobs from the United States to other countries or provide financial incentives that would adversely affect the labor force in the United States.
- (b) In the event the recipient is requested to provide services in any of the above areas or requires clarification from USAID as to whether an activity would be consistent with the limitation set forth above, the recipient must notify the Agreement Officer and provide a detailed description of the expected impact of the proposed activity. The recipient must not proceed with the activity until advised by USAID in writing that it may do so.
- (c) The recipient must ensure that its employees, subrecipients, and contractors providing trade and investment support services are made aware of the restrictions set forth in this provision and must include it in all subawards and contracts.

[END OF PROVISION]

## RAA11. PROTECTION OF HUMAN RESEARCH SUBJECTS (JUNE 2012)

**APPLICABILITY**: This provision is applicable when human subjects are involved in research financed by this award, as defined in 22 CFR 225 and ADS 200 Mandatory Reference, "Protection of Human Subjects in Research Supported by USAID." The AO should confer with the Activity Manager to determine if any research with human subjects will be included in the award.

#### PROTECTION OF HUMAN RESEARCH SUBJECTS (JUNE 2012)

- (a) The recipient is responsible for safeguarding the rights and welfare of human subjects involved in research under this award and must comply with the Common Federal Policy for the Protection of Human Subjects as found in Part 225 of Title 22 of the Code of Federal Regulations (22 CFR 225).
  - (b) The recipient must assure USAID of its compliance with the requirements set forth in 22 CFR 225 by doing one of the following:
  - (1) Obtaining a Federal-Wide Assurance (FWA) from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. Instructions on obtaining an FWA can be found on the Office of Human Research Protection Web site <a href="http://www.hhs.gov/ohrp/assurances/assurances/file/index.html">http://www.hhs.gov/ohrp/assurances/assurances/file/index.html</a>; or
  - (2) Submitting to the Agreement Officer's Representative (AOR) for USAID approval, a written assurance which includes a statement of principles governing the recipient's responsibilities, designation of one or more Institutional Review Board (IRB), a list of the IRB members, written procedures which the IRB will follow, and written procedures for ensuring prompt reporting of unanticipated problems to the IRB; or
  - (3) Submitting to the AOR for USAID approval, a justification memorandum asserting that research conducted outside the United States provides protections at least equivalent to those in 22 CFR 225.
- (c) Definitions for the purposes of this award:
  - (1) Research means an activity designed to test a hypothesis, permit conclusions to be drawn, and thereby to develop or to contribute to generalizable knowledge.
  - (2) Human subject means a living individual about whom an investigator (whether professional or student) conducting research obtains
    - (i) Data through intervention or interaction with the individual, or

- (ii) Identifiable private information.
- (3) Intervention includes both physical procedures by which data are gathered and the changes to the subject or the subject's environment performed for research purposes.
- (4) Institutional Review Board means a properly constituted ethical committee which will review the research.
- (d) USAID staff and consultants may independently review and inspect research and research processes and procedures involving human subjects, and based on such findings, USAID may prohibit research which presents unacceptable hazards or otherwise fails to comply with USAID procedures. Informed consent documents must include the following statement:

"Subject's research records may be independently reviewed by USAID staff and consultants to ensure compliance with USAID requirements for protection of human research subjects."

#### [END OF PROVISION]

# RAA12. STATEMENT FOR IMPLEMENTERS OF ANTI-TRAFFICKING ACTIVITIES ON LACK OF SUPPORT FOR PROSTITUTION (JUNE 2012)

APPLICABILITY: This provision must be included in any award that

- (1) uses funds made available to carry out Division A of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000, P.L. 106-386; and
- (2) covers a program that targets victims of severe forms of trafficking in persons (as defined below) and provides services to individuals while they are still engaged in activities that resulted from such victims being trafficked.

"Severe forms of trafficking in persons" means

- (1) sex trafficking in which a commercial sex act is induced by force, fraud, or coercion, or in which the person induced to perform such act has not attained 18 years of age; or
- (2) the recruitment, harboring, transportation, provision, or obtaining of a person for labor or services, through the use of force, fraud, or coercion for the purpose of subjection to involuntary servitude, peonage, debt bondage, or slavery.

#### STATEMENT FOR IMPLEMENTERS OF ANTI-TRAFFICKING ACTIVITIES ON LACK OF SUPPORT FOR PROSTITUTION (JUNE 2012)

By accepting this award, the recipient hereby states that it does not promote, support, or advocate the legalization or practice of prostitution. This statement may be true by virtue of the organization's lack of any policy regarding the issue.

#### [END OF PROVISION]

### RAA13. ELIGIBILITY OF SUBRECIPIENTS OF ANTI-TRAFFICKING FUNDS (JUNE 2012)

**APPLICABILITY:** This provision must be included in any award that uses funds made available to carry out the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000, Division A of P.L. 106-386, for a program that targets victims of severe forms of trafficking in persons. "Severe forms of trafficking in persons" means

- (1) sex trafficking in which a commercial sex act is induced by force, fraud, or coercion, or in which the person induced to perform such act has not attained 18 years of age; or
- (2) the recruitment, harboring, transportation, provision, or obtaining of a person for labor or services, through the use of force, fraud, or coercion for the purpose of subjection to involuntary servitude, peonage, debt bondage, or slavery.

#### **ELIGIBILITY OF SUBRECIPIENTS OF ANTI-TRAFFICKING FUNDS (JUNE 2012)**

The recipient must not provide funds made available to carry out this award to any organization that has not stated in either a grant application, a grant agreement, or both, that it does not promote, support, or advocate the legalization or practice of prostitution. Such a statement is not required, however, if the sub-recipient organization provides services to individuals solely after they are no longer engaged in activities that resulted from such victims being trafficked. If required, the sub-recipient organization's statement may be true by virtue of the organization's lack of any policy regarding the issue.

#### [END OF PROVISION]

# RAA14. PROHIBITION ON THE USE OF ANTI-TRAFFICKING FUNDS TO PROMOTE, SUPPORT, OR ADVOCATE FOR THE LEGALIZATION OR PRACTICE OF PROSTITUTION (JUNE 2012)

**APPLICABILITY:** This provision must be included in any award that uses funds made available specifically under the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000, Division A of P.L. 106-386.

## PROHIBITION ON THE USE OF ANTI-TRAFFICKING FUNDS TO PROMOTE, SUPPORT, OR ADVOCATE FOR THE LEGALIZATION OR PRACTICE OF PROSTITUTION (JUNE 2012)

None of the funds made available under this award may be used to promote, support, or advocate the legalization or practice of prostitution. However, this prohibition does not preclude assistance designed to ameliorate the suffering of, or health risks to, victims while they are being trafficked or after they are out of the situation that resulted in such victims being trafficked. The recipient must insert this provision in all subagreements under this award.

#### [END OF PROVISION]

## RAA15. VOLUNTARY POPULATION PLANNING ACTIVITIES – SUPPLEMENTAL REQUIREMENTS (JANUARY 2009)

**APPLICABILITY:** This provision is applicable to all awards involving any aspect of voluntary population planning activities.

### VOLUNTARY POPULATION PLANNING ACTIVITIES – SUPPLEMENTAL REQUIREMENTS (JANUARY 2009)

- (a) Voluntary Participation and Family Planning Methods:
  - (1) The recipient agrees to take any steps necessary to ensure that funds
    - made available under this award will not be used to coerce any individual to practice methods of family planning inconsistent with such individual's moral, philosophical, or religious beliefs. Further, the recipient agrees to conduct its activities in a manner which safeguards the rights, health, and welfare of all individuals who take part in the program.
    - (2) Activities which provide family planning services or information to individuals, financed, in whole or in part, under this award, must provide a broad range of family planning methods and services available in the country in which the activity is conducted or must provide information to such individuals regarding where such methods and services may be obtained.
  - (b) Requirements for Voluntary Family Planning Projects
  - (1) A family planning project must comply with the requirements of this paragraph.
    - (2) A project is a discrete activity through which a governmental

or nongovernmental organization or Public International Organization (PIO) provides family planning services to people and for which funds obligated under this award, or goods or services financed with such funds, are provided under this award, except funds solely for the participation of personnel in short-term, widely attended training conferences or programs.

- (3) Service providers and referral agents in the project must not implement or be subject to quotas or other numerical targets of total number of births, number of family planning acceptors, or acceptors of a particular method of family planning. Quantitative estimates or indicators of the number of births, acceptors, and acceptors of a particular method that are used for the purpose of budgeting, planning, or reporting with respect to the project are not quotas or targets under this paragraph, unless service providers or referral agents in the project are required to achieve the estimates or indicators.
- (4) The project must not include the payment of incentives, bribes, gratuities or financial rewards to (i) any individual in exchange for becoming a family planning acceptor, or (ii) any personnel performing functions under the project for achieving a numerical quota or target of total number of births, number of family planning acceptors, or acceptors of a particular method of contraception. This restriction applies to salaries or payments paid or made to personnel performing functions under the project if the amount of the salary or payment increases or decreases based on a predetermined number of births, number of family planning acceptors, or number of acceptors of a particular method of contraception that the personnel affect or achieve.
- (5) A person must not be denied any right or benefit, including the right of access to participate in any program of general welfare or health care, based on the person's decision not to accept family planning services offered by the project.
- (6) The project must provide family planning acceptors comprehensible information about the health benefits and risks of the method chosen, including those conditions that might render the use of the method inadvisable and those adverse side effects known to be consequent to the use of the method. This requirement may be satisfied by providing information in accordance with the medical practices and standards and health conditions in the country where the project is conducted through counseling, brochures, posters, or package inserts.
- (7) The project must ensure that experimental contraceptive drugs and devices and medical procedures are provided only in the context of a scientific study in which participants are advised of potential

risks and benefits.

(8) With respect to projects for which USAID provides, or finances the contribution of, contraceptive commodities or technical services and for which there is no subaward or contract under this award, the organization implementing a project for which such assistance is provided must agree that the project will comply with the requirements of this paragraph while using such commodities or receiving such services.

(9)

- (i) The recipient must notify USAID when it learns about an alleged violation in a project of the requirements of subparagraphs (b)(3), (b)(4), (b)(5), or (b)(7).
- (ii) The recipient must investigate and take appropriate corrective action, if necessary, when it learns about an alleged violation in a project of subparagraph (b)(6) and must notify USAID about violations in a project affecting a number of people over a period of time that indicate there is a systemic problem in the project.
- (iii) The recipient must provide USAID such additional information about violations as USAID may request.
- (c) Additional Requirements for Voluntary Sterilization Programs
  - (1) Funds made available under this award must not be used to pay for the performance of involuntary sterilization as a method of family planning or to coerce or provide any financial incentive to any individual to practice sterilization.
  - (2) The recipient must ensure that any surgical sterilization procedures supported, in whole or in part, by funds from this award are performed only after the individual has voluntarily appeared at the treatment facility and has given informed consent to the sterilization procedure. Informed consent means the voluntary, knowing assent from the individual after being advised of the surgical procedures to be followed, the attendant discomforts and risks, the benefits to be expected, the availability of alternative methods of family planning, the purpose of the operation and its irreversibility, and the option to withdraw consent any time prior to the operation. An individual's consent is considered voluntary if it is based upon the exercise of free choice and is not obtained by any special inducement or any element of force, fraud, deceit, duress, or other forms of coercion or misrepresentation.
  - (3) Further, the recipient must document the patient's informed consent by (i)

a written consent document in a language the patient understands and speaks, which explains the basic elements of informed consent, as set out above, and which is signed by the individual and by the attending physician or by the authorized assistant of the attending physician; or (ii) when a patient is unable to read adequately a written certification by the attending physician or by the authorized assistant of the attending physician that the basic elements of informed consent above were orally presented to the patient, and that the patient thereafter consented to the performance of the operation. The receipt of this oral explanation must be acknowledged by the patient's mark on the certification and by the signature or mark of a witness who speaks the same language as the patient.

- (4) The recipient must retain copies of informed consent forms and certification documents for each voluntary sterilization for a period of three years after performance of the sterilization procedure.
- (d) Prohibition on Abortion-Related Activities:
  - (1) No funds made available under this award will be used to finance, support,

or be attributed to the following activities:

- (i) procurement or distribution of equipment intended to be used for the purpose of inducing abortions as a method of family planning;
- (ii) special fees or incentives to any person to coerce or motivate them to have abortions;
- (iii) payments to persons to perform abortions or to solicit persons to undergo abortions;
- (iv) information, education, training, or communication programs that seek to promote abortion as a method of family planning; and
- (v) lobbying for or against abortion. The term "motivate," as it relates to family planning assistance, must not be construed to prohibit the provision, consistent with local law, of information or counseling about all pregnancy options.
- (2) No funds made available under this award will be used to pay for any biomedical research which relates, in whole or in part, to methods of, or the performance of, abortions or involuntary sterilizations as a means of family planning. Epidemiologic or descriptive research to assess the incidence, extent or consequences of abortions is not precluded.
- (e) The recipient must insert this provision in all subsequent subagreements, including subawards and contracts, involving family planning or population activities that will be supported, in whole or in part,

#### [END OF PROVISION]

## RAA16. CONSCIENCE CLAUSE IMPLEMENTATION (ASSISTANCE) (FEBRUARY 2012)

**APPLICABILITY**: This provision must be included in any new assistance award or amendment to an existing award (if not already incorporated into the agreement) obligating FY04 or later funds made available for HIV/AIDS activities, regardless of the program account. Further guidance is found in AAPD 14-04, Section 2.D.

#### CONSCIENCE CLAUSE IMPLEMENTATION (ASSISTANCE) (FEBRUARY 2012)

An organization, including a faith-based organization, that is otherwise eligible to receive funds under this agreement for HIV/AIDS prevention, treatment, or care—

- (a) Shall not be required, as a condition of receiving such assistance—
- (1) To endorse or utilize a multisectoral or comprehensive approach to combating HIV/AIDS; or
- (2) To endorse, utilize, make a referral to, become integrated with, or otherwise participate in any program or activity to which the organization has a religious or moral objection; and
- (b) Shall not be discriminated against in the solicitation or issuance of grants, contracts, or cooperative agreements for refusing to meet any requirement described in paragraph (a) above.

#### [END OF PROVISION]

#### RAA17. CONDOMS (ASSISTANCE) (SEPTEMBER 2014)

**APPLICABILITY**: This provision must be included in any new Request for Applications (RFA) or Annual Program Statement (APS), and any new assistance award or amendment to an existing award obligating or intending to obligate (in the case of solicitations) FY04 or later funds made available for HIV/AIDS activities, regardless of the program account.

#### **CONDOMS (ASSISTANCE) (SEPTEMBER 2014)**

Information provided about the use of condoms as part of projects or activities that are funded under this agreement shall be medically accurate and shall include the public health benefits and failure rates of such use and shall be consistent with USAID's fact

sheet entitled "USAID HIV/STI Prevention and Condoms". This fact sheet may be accessed at: https://www.usaid.gov/document/condom-fact-sheet-april-2015

The prime recipient must flow this provision down in all subawards, procurement contracts, or subcontracts for HIV/AIDS activities.

#### [END OF PROVISION]

# RAA18. PROHIBITION ON THE PROMOTION OR ADVOCACY OF THE LEGALIZATION OR PRACTICE OF PROSTITUTION OR SEX TRAFFICKING (ASSISTANCE) (SEPTEMBER 2014)

**APPLICABILITY**: This provision must be included in solicitations and any new assistance award or amendment to an existing award obligating or intending to obligate (in the case of solicitations) FY04 or later funds made available for HIV/AIDS activities, regardless of the program account. Further guidance is found in AAPD 14-04, Section 2.E.

## PROHIBITION ON THE PROMOTION OR ADVOCACY OF THE LEGALIZATION OR PRACTICE OF PROSTITUTION OR SEX TRAFFICKING (ASSISTANCE) (SEPTEMBER 2014)

- (a) The U.S. Government is opposed to prostitution and related activities, which are inherently harmful and dehumanizing, and contribute to the phenomenon of trafficking in persons. None of the funds made available under this agreement may be used to promote or advocate the legalization or practice of prostitution or sex trafficking. Nothing in the preceding sentence shall be construed to preclude the provision to individuals of palliative care, treatment, or post-exposure pharmaceutical prophylaxis, and necessary pharmaceuticals and commodities, including test kits, condoms, and, when proven effective, microbicides.
- (b)(1) Except as provided in (b)(2), by accepting this award or any subaward, a non-governmental organization or public international organization awardee/subawardee agrees that it is opposed to the practices of prostitution and sex trafficking.
- (b)(2) The following organizations are exempt from (b)(1):
  - (i) the Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria; the World Health Organization; the International AIDS Vaccine Initiative; and any United Nations agency.
  - (ii) U.S. non-governmental organization recipients/subrecipients and contractors/subcontractors.
  - (iii) Non-U.S. contractors and subcontractors if the contract or subcontract

is for commercial items and services as defined in FAR 2.101, such as pharmaceuticals, medical supplies, logistics support, data management, and freight forwarding.

- (b)(3) Notwithstanding section (b)(2)(iii), not exempt from (b)(1) are non-U.S. recipients, subrecipients, contractors, and subcontractors that implement HIV/AIDS programs under this assistance award, any subaward, or procurement contract or subcontract by:
  - (i) Providing supplies or services directly to the final populations receiving such supplies or services in host countries;
  - (ii) Providing technical assistance and training directly to host country individuals or entities on the provision of supplies or services to the final populations receiving such supplies and services; or
  - (iii) Providing the types of services listed in FAR 37.203(b)(1)-(6) that involve giving advice about substantive policies of a recipient, giving advice regarding the activities referenced in (i) and (ii), or making decisions or functioning in a recipient's chain of command (e.g., providing managerial or supervisory services approving financial transactions, personnel actions).
- (c) The following definitions apply for purposes of this provision:

"Commercial sex act" means any sex act on account of which anything of value is given to or received by any person.

"Prostitution" means procuring or providing any commercial sex act and the "practice of prostitution" has the same meaning.

"Sex trafficking" means the recruitment, harboring, transportation, provision, or obtaining of a person for the purpose of a commercial sex act (22 U.S.C. 7102(9)).

- (d) The recipient must insert this provision, which is a standard provision, in all subawards, procurement contracts or subcontracts for HIV/AIDS activities.
- (e) This provision includes express terms and conditions of the award and any violation of it shall be grounds for unilateral termination of the award by USAID prior to the end of its term.

[END OF PROVISION]

#### RAA 19. METRIC SYSTEM OF MEASUREMENT (AUGUST 1992)

**APPLICABILITY:** This provision is only applicable when awarding a Fixed Amount Award to a U.S. NGO and when measurements are specified <u>as or in a milestone</u>.

Wherever measurements are required or authorized, they must be made, computed, and recorded in metric system units of measurement, unless otherwise authorized by the Agreement Officer in writing when it has found that such usage is impractical or is likely to cause U.S. firms to experience significant inefficiencies or the loss of markets. Where the metric system is not the predominant standard for a particular application, measurements may be expressed in both the metric and the traditional equivalent units, provided the metric units are listed first.

#### [END OF PROVISION]

## RAA20. ACCESS TO USAID FACILITIES AND USAID'S INFORMATION SYSTEMS (AUGUST 2013)

**APPLICABILITY:** This provision must be included in solicitations and awards that require a U.S.-based recipient (and its employees) to have routine physical access to USAID -controlled facilities in the U.S. (i.e., will need an ID for regular entry to USAID space), or have logical access to USAID's information systems (i.e., access to AIDNet, Phoenix, GLAAS, etc). Only U.S citizen employees or consultants of a U.S.-based organization may request routine physical access to USAID-controlled facilities or logical access to USAID's information systems.

### ACCESS TO USAID FACILITIES AND USAID'S INFORMATION SYSTEMS (AUGUST 2013)

- (a) A U.S. citizen or resident alien engaged in the performance of this award as an employee, consultant, or volunteer of a U.S organization may obtain access to USAID facilities or logical access to USAID's information systems only when and to the extent necessary to carry out this award and in accordance with this provision. The recipient's employees, consultants, or volunteers who are not U.S. citizen as well as employees, consultants or volunteers of non-U.S. organizations, irrespective of their citizenship, will not be granted logical access to U.S. Government information technology systems (such as Phoenix, GLAAS, etc.) and must be escorted to use U.S. Government facilities (such as office space).
- (b) Before a U.S. citizen or resident alien engaged in the performance of this award as an employee, consultant, or volunteer of the recipient, subrecipient, or contractor at any tier may obtain a USAID ID (new or replacement) authorizing the individual routine access to USAID facilities in the United States, or logical access to USAID's information systems, the individual must provide two forms of identity source documents in original form. One identity source document must be a valid Federal or State government-issued picture ID. The recipient must contact the USAID Office of Security to obtain the list of acceptable forms of

documentation. Submission of these documents, and related background checks, are mandatory in order for the individual to receive a building access ID, and before access will be granted to any of USAID's information systems. All such individuals must physically present these two source documents for identity proofing at their Security Briefing. All individuals provided access under this provision must return any issued building access ID and remote authentication token to USAID custody upon termination of the individual's employment with the recipient or completion of the award, whichever occurs first.

- (c) Individuals engaged in the performance of this award as an employee, consultant, or volunteer of the recipient must comply with all applicable Homeland Security Policy Directive-12 (HSPD-12) and Personal Identity Verification (PIV) procedures, as described above, as well as any subsequent USAID or government-wide HSPD-12 and PIV procedures/policies, including any HSPD-12 procedures established by the Office of Security in USAID/Washington.
- (d) The recipient is required to include this provision in all subagreements, including subawards and contracts, at any tier made to a U.S. organization/company, that require employees or consultants engaged in the performance of this award to have routine physical access to USAID facilities or logical access to USAID's information systems in order to perform this award.

[END OF PROVISION]

### RAA21. LIMITATION ON SUBAWARDS TO NON-LOCAL ENTITIES (JULY 2014)

**APPLICABILITY:** For use in all solicitations and resulting awards where eligibility is restricted to local entities in accordance with the Agency's statutory "Local Competition Authority" (see 303.3.6.5.c for additional guidance and 303.6 for the definition of local entity).

#### Limitation on Subawards to Non-Local Entities (July 2014)

- (a) By submission of an application and execution of the award, the applicant/recipient agrees that at least fifty (50) percent of the cost of award performance incurred for personnel must be expended for employees of the prime/local entity.
- (b) By submission of an application and execution of the award, the applicant/recipient represents that it is an individual, a corporation, a nonprofit organization, or another body of persons that:
  - (1) Is legally organized under the laws of;
  - (2) Has as its principal place of business or operations in;

and

- A) is majority owned by individuals who are citizens or lawful permanent residents of; and
- (B) is managed by a governing body the majority of who are citizens or lawful permanent residents of the country in which this award will be primarily performed.
- (c) For purposes of this provision, "majority owned" and "managed by" include, without limitation, beneficiary interests and the power, either directly or indirectly, whether exercised or exercisable, to control the election, appointment, or tenure of the organization's managers or a majority of the organization's governing body by any means.

[END OF PROVISION]

# RAA22. AWARD TERM AND CONDITION FOR RECIPIENT INTEGRITY AND PERFORMANCE MATTERS (AUGUST 2024)

**APPLICABILITY**: This provision must be incorporated into awards if the total federal share of the award may include more than \$500,000 over the period of performance.

### AWARD TERM AND CONDITION FOR RECIPIENT INTEGRITY AND PERFORMANCE MATTERS (AUGUST 2024)

Reporting of Matters Related to Recipient Integrity and Performance

- (a) General Reporting Requirement.
  - (1) If the total value of the recipient's active grants, cooperative agreements, and procurement contracts from all Federal agencies exceeds \$10,000,000 for any period of time during the period of performance of this Federal award, then the recipient must ensure the information available in the responsibility/qualification records through the System for Award Management (SAM.gov), about civil, criminal, or administrative proceedings described in paragraph (b) of this award term is current and complete. This is a statutory requirement under section 872 of Public Law 110-417, as amended (41 U.S.C. 2313). As required by section 3010 of Public Law 111-212, all information posted in responsibility/qualification records in SAM.gov on or after April 15, 2011 (except past performance reviews required for Federal procurement contracts) will be publicly available.
- (b) Proceedings About Which the Recipient Must Report.

- (1) The recipient must submit the required information about each proceeding that:
  - (i) Is in connection with the award or performance of a grant, cooperative agreement, or procurement contract from the Federal Government;
  - (ii) Reached its final disposition during the most recent five-year period; and
  - (iii) Is one of the following:
    - (A) A criminal proceeding that resulted in a conviction;
    - (B) A civil proceeding that resulted in a finding of fault and liability and payment of a monetary fine, penalty, reimbursement, restitution, or damages of \$5,000 or more;
    - (C) An administrative proceeding that resulted in a finding of fault and liability and the recipient's payment of either a monetary fine or penalty of \$5,000 or more or reimbursement, restitution, or damages in excess of \$100,000; or
    - (D) Any other criminal, civil, or administrative proceeding if:
      - (1) It could have led to an outcome described in paragraph (b)(1)(iii)(A) through (C);
      - (2) It had a different disposition arrived at by consent or compromise with an acknowledgment of fault on the recipient's part; and
      - (3) The requirement in this award term to disclose information about the proceeding does not conflict with applicable laws and regulations.
- (c) Reporting Procedures. Enter the required information in SAM.gov for each proceeding described in paragraph (b) of this award term. The recipient does not need to submit the information a second time under grants and cooperative agreements that were received if the recipient already provided the information in SAM.gov because it was required to do so under Federal procurement contracts it was awarded.
- (d) Reporting Frequency. During any period of time when the recipient is subject to the requirement in paragraph (a) of this award term, the recipient must report proceedings information in SAM.gov for the most recent five-year period, either to report new information about a proceeding that was not reported previously or affirm that there is no new information to report. Recipients that have Federal contract, grant, and cooperative agreement awards with a cumulative total value greater than \$10,000,000 must disclose semiannually any information about the criminal, civil, and administrative proceedings.

- (e) Definitions. For purposes of this award term:
  - (1) Administrative proceeding means a non-judicial process that is adjudicatory in nature to make a determination of fault or liability (e.g., Securities and Exchange Commission Administrative proceedings, Civilian Board of Contract Appeals proceedings, and Armed Services Board of Contract Appeals proceedings). This includes proceedings at the Federal and State level but only in connection with performance of a Federal contract or grant. It does not include audits, site visits, corrective plans, or inspection of deliverables.
  - (2) Conviction means a judgment or conviction of a criminal offense by any court of competent jurisdiction, whether entered upon a verdict or a plea, and includes a conviction entered upon a plea of nolo contendere.
  - (3) Total value of currently active grants, cooperative agreements, and procurement contracts includes the value of the Federal share already received plus any anticipated Federal share under those awards (such as continuation funding).

[END OF PROVISION]

RAA23. RESERVED

RAA24. RESERVED

#### RAA25. NEVER CONTRACT WITH THE ENEMY (AUGUST 2024)

**APPLICABILITY:** This provision is required in accordance with 2 CFR 183, Never Contract with the Enemy. AOs must include this provision in all assistance solicitations and all awards expected to exceed \$50,000 and that are performed outside of the United States, including U.S. territories, and that are in support of a contingency operation as defined in 2 CFR 183.35 in which members of the Armed Forces are or may become actively engaged in hostilities.

#### NEVER CONTRACT WITH THE ENEMY (AUGUST 2024)

#### (a) Prohibition on Providing Funds to the Enemy

- (1) The recipient must—
- (i) Exercise due diligence to ensure that no funds, including supplies and services, received under this award are provided directly or indirectly (including through subawards or contracts) to a person or entity who is actively opposing the United States or coalition forces involved in a contingency operation in which members of the Armed Forces are actively engaged in hostilities, which must be completed through 2 CFR 180.300 prior

to issuing a subaward or contract; and

- (ii) Terminate or void in whole or in part any subaward or contract with a person or entity listed in the System for Award Management (SAM.gov) as a prohibited or restricted source pursuant to subtitle E of Title VIII of the NDAA for FY 2015, unless the Federal agency provides written approval to continue the subaward or contract.
- (2) The recipient may include the substance of this provision, including paragraph (a)(1) of this provision, in subawards under this grant or cooperative agreement that have an estimated value over \$50,000 and will be performed outside the United States, including its outlying areas.
- (3) The Federal agency has the authority to terminate or void this grant or cooperative agreement, in whole or in part, if the Federal agency becomes aware that the recipient failed to exercise due diligence as required by paragraph (a)(1) of this provision or if the Federal agency becomes aware that any funds received under this grant or cooperative agreement have been provided directly or indirectly to a person or entity who is actively opposing coalition forces involved in a contingency operation in which members of the Armed Forces are actively engaged in hostilities.

#### (b) Additional Access to Recipient Records

- (1) In addition to any other existing examination-of-records authority, the Federal Government is authorized to examine any records of the recipient and its subawards or contracts to the extent necessary to ensure that funds, including supplies and services, available under this grant or cooperative agreement are not provided, directly or indirectly, to a person or entity that is actively opposing the United States or coalition forces involved in a contingency operation in which members of the Armed Forces are actively engaged in hostilities, except for awards awarded by the Department of Defense on or before Dec 19, 2017 that will be performed in the United States Central Command (USCENTCOM) theater of operations.
- (2) The substance of this provision, including this paragraph (b), must be included in subawards or contracts under this grant or cooperative agreement that have an estimated value over \$50,000 and will be performed outside the United States, including its outlying areas.

[END OF PROVISION]

#### [END OF THE STANDARD PROVISIONS]